

MEMORANDUM  
AND  
ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION  
OF  
JINDAL UNITED STEEL LIMITED

Certified to be true  
For Jindal United Steel Limited

*David Wilby*  
Company Secretary





GOVERNMENT OF INDIA  
MINISTRY OF CORPORATE AFFAIRS

Registrar of Companies, Delhi  
4th Floor, IFCI Tower, 61, Nehru Place

Certificate of Incorporation

[Pursuant to sub-section (2) of section 7 of the Companies Act, 2013 and  
rule 8 of the Companies (Incorporation) Rules, 2014]

I hereby certify that Jindal United Steel Limited is incorporated on this First day of December Two  
Thousand Fourteen under the Companies Act, 2013 and that the company is limited by shares.

The CIN of the company is U28113HR2014PLC053875.

Given under my hand at Delhi this First day of December Two Thousand Fourteen.

Signature valid  
Afsar Ali  
Assistant Registrar of Companies  
Haryana

Afsar Ali  
Assistant Registrar of Companies  
Haryana

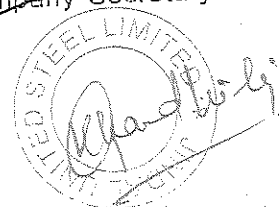
Mailing Address as per record available in Registrar of Companies office:

Jindal United Steel Limited  
O.P. Jindal Marg, Hisar - 125005,  
Haryana, INDIA



Certified to be true  
For Jindal United Steel Limited

*Afsar Ali*  
Company Secretary



(THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013)  
(COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES)  
MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION  
OF  
JINDAL UNITED STEEL LIMITED



I. The name of the company is JINDAL UNITED STEEL LIMITED.

II. The registered office of the company shall be situated in the State of Haryana.

III (a) The objects to be pursued by the company on its incorporation are:

1. To carry on the business of manufactures, processors, refiners, smelters, makers, converts, finishers, importers, exporters, agents, merchants, buyers, sellers and dealers in all kinds and forms of steels including tools and alloy steels, stainless and all other special steels, iron and other metals and alloys, all kinds of goods, products, articles or merchandise whatsoever manufactured wholly or partly from steels and other metals and alloys; and also the business and iron masters, steel and metal converters, colliary proprietors, coke manufacturers, ferroalloy manufactures, miners, smelters and engineers in all their respective branches and to search for, get, work, raise, make, merchantable, manufacture, process, buy, sell and otherwise deal in iron, Pig Iron, Granulated slag, Iron Ore Fines, steel and other metal, coal, coke, brick-earth, fire-clay, bricks, ores, minerals and mineral substances, gases, alloy. Metal, metal scrap, chemicals and chemical substances of all kinds and to set up Steel and non-ferrous melting furnaces, converters, AP Lines and casting facilities to produce stainless steel, ferrous and non-ferrous metals, alloy steels, steel and non-ferrous ingots, continuous cast slabs, blooms, rounds, billets of various cross-sections, alloys and special steel,
2. To set up Hot and Cold Rolling facilities to shape the cast metal into flats, angles, rounds, squares, rails, joist, channels, slabs, strips, sheets, plates, coils both Hot & Cold rolled, deformed bars, plain and cold twisted bars and shaftings and blank-coils and to carry on all or any of the business of manufacturing, developing, assemblers, engineers, consultants, erectors, founders, smelters, refiners, makers, drawers, sinkers, miners, workers, repairers, hire purchase dealers, import and export agents, representatives, Contractors and dealers of and in forging, Casting of Steel, Stainless and Special Steels, Carbon Steel and Mild Steel, alloys and ferrous and non-ferrous metals, auto parts, tools and implements, dies, jigs, steel pipes and tubes and pipe fittings, Iron and Steel products, cast iron and Steel and tubular structural.

Certified to be true  
For Jindal United Steel Limited

  
Company Secretary  


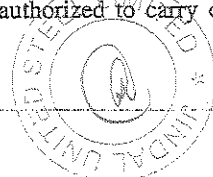
3. To search, win, work, get, raise, quarry, smelt, refine, dress, manufacture, manipulate, convert, make merchantable, sell, buy, import, export or otherwise deal in iron ore, all kinds of metal, metalliferous ore, manganese ore, chrome ore, nickel ore, coal, lignite, limestone, quartz, zinc ore, copper based ore and all other minerals and substances, whatsoever and to manufacture, sell, buy, import and otherwise deal in any such articles and commodities and to manufacture, deal, import and export stainless steel, pig iron, sponge iron, ferro silicon, ferro chrome, ferro manganese and other ferrous substances and metals of every description and grades and to manufacture, deal, import, and export all kinds and varieties of non-ferrous raw metals such as aluminum, copper, tin, lead etc. and the byproducts obtained in processing and manufacturing these raw metals and to deal in to make and deal in ferrous/non-ferrous and special alloys & steels including non-metallic for the purpose of use in Defence, Aero & Space, nuclear and for other applications.
4. To carry on in India or elsewhere the business to generate, receive, produce, improve, buy, sell, resell, acquire, use, transmit, accumulate, employ, distribute, develop, handle, protect, supply and to act as agent, broker, representative, consultant, collaborator, or otherwise to deal in electric power in all its branches at such place or places as may be permitted by appropriate authorities by establishments of diesel power plants, thermal power plants, hydraulic power plants, atomic power plants, wind power plants, solar power plants and other power plants based on any source of energy as may be developed or invented in future.
5. To carry on the business of manufacturing, producing, compressing and liquefying Oxygen, Argon, Nitrogen, hydrogen, Acetylene, Carbolic Acid, Chlorine, Neon, Helium and any other gases of kindred substances or any compounds thereof by any process and of dealing in such gases, substances and compounds and to manufacture, buy, sell, let on hire and otherwise deals in cylinders, compressors, plants, machineries, apparatus, tools, equipments, spare parts and other articles and things or manufacturing, compressing, liquefying, solidifying, storing and transporting all kinds of gases and to do all such things as are incidental to the said business.

**(b) Matters which are necessary for furtherance of the objects specified in clause 3(a) are:-**

1. To purchase, take on lease or on hire, acquire, deal with or dispose of land, buildings or any kind of property movable or immovable and rights and to manage, mortgage, sell, underlet, lease out, realize rents or otherwise turn to account all or any or the properties of rights of the Company whether immovable or moveable including all or every description of machinery, apparatus or appliances and to hold, use, cultivate, work, manage, improve, carry on and develop the undertaking, land and movable or immovable property and assets of any kind of the Company or any part thereof, for the attainment of the objects of the Company.

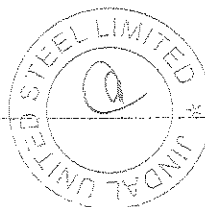


2. To lend money, either with or without security and generally to such person and upon such terms and conditions as the company may think fit for its purpose provided that company shall not carry on banking business.
3. To lend for purchase, or otherwise acquire any patents, brevets d'Invention licences, concessions, and the like conferring an exclusive or non exclusive or limited rights to use the same or any secret or other information as to any invention, which may seem capable of being used for any of the purpose of the company or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the company and to use, exercise, develop or grant licenses, in respect of or otherwise turn to account the property, rights or information so acquired.
4. To subscribe, contribute or guarantee money for any national, charitable, benevolent, public, general or useful object or fund for any exhibition.
5. To acquire and undertake all or any part of the business property and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business which this company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purpose of the Company, To amalgamate with any company having objects altogether or in part, similar to those of this company and to expand the company's activities by opening branches and / or by appointing agents in India, and in any foreign country (at peace with this country) to start agencies, shops in different parts of India and elsewhere as the Board of Directors may decide for the expansion of the business of the company and control the business of any other company or companies having objects similar to this company.
6. To enter into any arrangement with any Government or authority supreme, municipal, local or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the company's objects or any of them, and to obtain from any such Government or authority all rights, concessions and privileges, which the company may think it desirable to obtain, and to carry out, exercise and company with any such arrangements, rights, privileges and concessions.
7. To manufacture, imports, exports, buy, sell, exchange alter, improve, manipulate, prepare for market and otherwise deal in all kinds of plant, machinery, apparatus, tools, utensils, substances, materials and things, necessary or convenient for carrying on any of the above specified business or proceeding, or usually dealt in by persons engaged in the like business.
8. To adopt such means of making known the products of the company as may seem expedient and in particular by advertising in the press, by circulars, by purchase and exhibition of works or arts on interest by publication of books and periodicals and by granting prizes, rewards and donations.
9. To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing profits or losses, or into any union of interest, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or Co-operation with any person or person or company or companies carrying on or engaged in, or about to carry on or engage in or being authorized to carry on, or engage in, or any business or transaction which this company is authorized to carry on, or

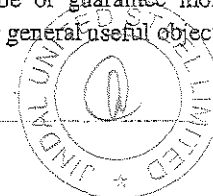


engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit this company.

10. To guarantee and to become surety for the payment of money unsecured or secured by or payable under or in respect of promissory notes, bonds, debentures, debenture-stock, contracts, mortgages, charges, obligation, instruments and securities, of any company or of any authority (whether Supreme, Municipal, Local or Otherwise) or of any person whether incorporated or not and as security for the performance of any such guarantee or contract of surety ship to mortgage, charge or hypothecate all or any part of the undertaking, property and assets of the company, and generally to guarantee or become surety for the performance by any company, authority or person of any contract or obligation.
11. To sell or dispose of the undertaking of the company, or any part thereof for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities or any other company having objects altogether or in part, similar to those of this company.
12. To promote any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the property, rights and liabilities of this Company or for any other purpose which may seem directly calculated to benefit this Company.
13. To invest and deal with the moneys of the Company not immediately required, upon such securities and in such manner as may from time to time be determined, provided that the Company shall not carry on the business of banking as provided in the Banking Regulation Act.
14. Subject to the provisions of section 180(1)(c) & 73 to 76 of the Companies Act, 2013, to borrow or raise or secure payment of money or to receive money on deposit at interest for any or the purposes of the company, and at such times or times and in such manner as may be thought fit and in particular by the issue of debentures or debenture-stock, perpetual or otherwise, including debentures or debenture stock convertible into shares of this or any other company or perpetual annuities and as security for any such money so borrowed, raised or received to mortgage, pledge or charge the whole or any part of the property, assets, or revenue and profits of the company, present or future including its uncalled capital by special assignment or otherwise or to transfer or convey the same absolutely or in trust and to give the lenders the same absolutely or the power of sale and other powers as may seem expedient, and to purchase, redeem or pay off any such securities.
15. To open an account or accounts with any individual, firm or company or with any Bank or Bankers or Shrofs and to pay into and to withdraw money from such account or accounts.
16. To create any reserve, sinking fund, insurance fund, or any other special fund whether for depreciation or for repairing, improving, extending or maintaining any property of the company or for any other purpose conducive to the interests of the company.



17. To take or otherwise acquire and hold shares in any other company having objectives altogether or in part similar to those of this company, or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit this company.
18. To undertake and execute any trust, the undertaking of which may seem to the company desirable either gratuitously, or otherwise.
19. To draw, make, accept, discount, execute and issue bills of exchange, promissory notes, bills of lading, warrants, debentures and other negotiable of transferable instruments or securities.
20. Subject to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 to remunerate any person or company for services rendered, or to be rendered, in placing or assisting to place or guarantee the placing of any share in the Company's capital, or any debentures, debenture-stock or other securities of the Company, or in or about the formation or promotion of the Company, or the acquisition of property by the Company, or the conduct of its business.
21. To sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, mortgage, disposed off, turn to account, or otherwise deal in all or any part of the property any rights of the Company.
22. To pay all or any costs, charges and expenses preliminary and incidental to the promotion, formation and registration of the Company.
23. To make donations to such person or institution excluding Political Institution either in cash or any other assets as may be thought directly or indirectly conducive to any of the company's objects or otherwise expedient and in particular, to remunerate any person or corporation introducing business to this company and to subscribe or guarantee money for any exhibition or for public, general or other objects, and to establish and support or aid in the establishment and support or benefit of the employees of person having dealing with the company or the dependants, relatives or connections of such persons and in partnership friendly or other benefit societies and to grants pension, allowances, gratuities and bonuses either by way of annual payment or a lump sum, and to form and contribute to provident and benefit funds, to or such persons.
24. As per provision of the Companies Act, 2013, to place, to reserve or to distribute as dividends or bonus among the members or otherwise to apply as the Company may from time to time think fit, any money received by way of premium on shares or debentures issued at a premium by the Company and any money received in respect of dividends accrued on forfeited shares and money arising from the sale by the company of forfeited shares.
25. To establish and support, or aid in the establishment and support of associations, institutions, funds, trusts and conveniences calculated to benefit employees or ex-employees of the company, or its predecessors in business or the dependents or connections of such persons, and to grant pensions and allowances, and to make payments towards insurance and to subscribe or guarantee money for charitable or benevolent objects, or for any exhibition or for any public or general useful object.

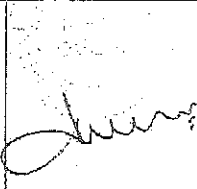

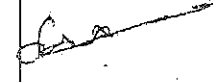
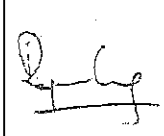
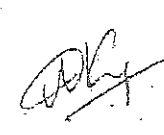


26. To acquire and undertaken all or any part of the business, property and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business which this company is authorized to carry on or possessed of property suitable for the purpose of the Company.
  27. Generally to purchase, take or lease, or exchange, hire or otherwise acquire any movable or immovable property, and any rights or privileges which the company may think necessary or convenient with reference to any of these objects and capable of being profitably dealt with in connection with any of the company's property or rights for the time being.
  28. To do all acts, or any of the above things in any part of the world as principals, agents, Material handling agents, distributors, consignors, contractors, trustees or otherwise, and by or through trustees, agent or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others and severally to all such other things as may appear to be incidental or conducive to the attainment of the main objects.
  29. To distribute in spíce any of the property among the member in the event of its winding up.
  30. To acquire by way of purchase, gift, exchange or otherwise, any shares, stock, debentures, debenture-stock, bonds, participative units, mutual funds units, obligations or securities or any other asset or property including rights, claims or interest therein, by original subscription or otherwise.
  31. To transfer by way of sale, gift, exchange, or otherwise part with, give up or alienate in any manner (with or without any consideration), any shares, stock, debentures, debenture-stock, bonds, participative units, mutual fund units, obligations or securities or any other asset or property including rights, claims or interest therein, acquired by original subscription or otherwise.
- (IV) The liability of the members is limited and this liability is limited to the amount unpaid, if any, on the shares held by them.
- <sup>1,2</sup>(V) The Authorized Share Capital of the Company is Rs. 820,00,00,000 (Rupees Eight Hundred and Twenty Crore Only) divided into 55,50,00,000 (Fifty Five Crore Fifty Lakh) Equity Shares having face value of Rs 10/- (Rupees Ten) each and 26,50,00,000 (Twenty Six Crore and Fifty Lakh) Preference Shares having Face Value of Rs. 10/- (Rupees Ten) each.

<sup>1</sup>The Authorized Share Capital Clause was altered pursuant to the Ordinary Resolution passed by the Shareholders of Jindal United Steel Limited in their Extra Ordinary General Meeting held on November 17, 2018

<sup>2</sup>The Authorized Share Capital Clause was altered pursuant to the Ordinary Resolution passed by the Shareholders of Jindal United Steel Limited in their Extra Ordinary General Meeting held on December 31, 2021

We, the several persons, whose names and addresses are subscribed, are desirous of being formed into a Company in pursuance of this memorandum of association, and we respectively agree to take the number of shares in the capital of the company set against our respective names:-

Names, addresses, descriptions and occupations of Subscribers	No of Equity Shares taken by each subscriber	Signature of Subscriber	Signature, name, addresses, descriptions and occupations of witnesses
1) Jindal Stainless Limited O.P. Jindal Marg, H-30/1 - 125005 through its Company Secretary Jitendra Kumar Mohanlal 8/c Sh. Mohanlal Housi T/O M/S - 1/501, Khandiya Vihar Sector - 56, Gurgaon - 122002 (Business)	49,940 (Forty Nine Thousand Nine Hundred and Forty)		I witness to Subscriber(s), who have subscribed and signed in my presence, further I have verified their Identity Details (ID) for their identification and satisfied myself of their identification particulars as filled in  SHARLESH GOYAL Company Secretary E-22, 2nd Floor, MGF Nagar New Delhi - 110015
2) Rajiv Rayvanshi S/O Sh. Tej Pratap Singh R/O B-25, 11th Floor, Kailash Apartments, Kailash Colony New Delhi - 110048 (Service)	10 (Ten)		
3) Shanti Swaroop Saxena S/O Sh. Babu Ram Saxena 8/0 H-92/6, C-Block Shivaji Park, West Fazalji Bagh, New Delhi - 110026 (Service)	10 (Ten)		
4) Rajeev Gang S/O Sh. Ram Gopal Gang S/O H. No. 9, Urban Estate-II Khan - 125005 (Service)	10 (Ten)		ACS-24012 CP No. - BG42
5) Ankur Agrawal S/O Sh. Pramod Kumar Agrawal S/O Flat no. 262, SFS Flats Phase - 4, Ashok Vihar Delhi - 110052 (Service)	10 (Ten)		


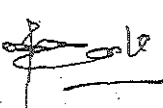
Place: New Delhi

Dated: 05/12/2014

Certified to be true  
For Jindal United Steel Limited


Company Secretary

We, the several persons whose names and addresses are subscribed below are desirous of being formed into a Company in pursuance of the Memorandum of Association and we respectively agree to take the number of shares in the Capital of the Company as set opposite our respective names:-

Sr. No.	Name, Address, and occupation of each Subscriber	No. of Equity Shares taken by each Subscriber	Signature of Subscriber	Signature of Witness and Address, Description and Occupation
6.	Mahabir Prashad Swami S/o. Shri Udaram Swami R/o. H. No. 107 Ward No. 27, Sector - 13, Hisar - 125005 (Haryana) (Consultant)	10 (Ten)		I witness to Subscriber(s), who have subscribed and signed in my presence, further I have verified their Identity Details (ID) for their Identification and satisfied myself of their Identification particulars as filled in  SHARAD GOYAL Company Secretary E-22, R/o. P.O. Mahi Nagar New Delhi - 110011  AKS-24013 CIN-110011
7.	Mahabir Prashad Gupta S/o Shri. L.G. Ram R/o House No. 1117 Sector 13 HISAR - 125001 (Service)	10 (Ten)		
	TOTAL	50,000 Equity shares		

Place :- Hisar

Date :- 05.11.2014

Certified to be true  
For Jindal Stainless Limited  
  
Company Secretary

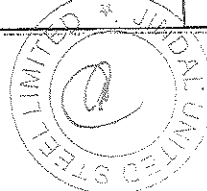
THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013  
COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES  
ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION  
OF  
JINDAL UNITED STEEL LIMITED

TABLE 'F' EXCLUDED	
(1) The regulations contained in the Table marked 'F' in Schedule I to the Companies Act, 2013 shall not apply to the Company, except in so far as the same are repeated, contained or expressly made applicable in these Articles or by the said Act. Except in regards to matter not specifically provided in these Articles.	Table "F" not to apply
(2) The regulations for the management of the Company and for the observance by the members thereto and their representatives, shall, subject to any exercise of the statutory powers of the Company with reference to the deletion or alteration of or addition to its regulations by resolution as prescribed or permitted by the Companies Act, 2013, be such as are contained in these Articles.	Company to be governed by these Articles
Interpretation	
(f) In these Articles —	
(a) "Act" means the Companies Act, 2013 or any statutory modification or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force and the term shall be deemed to refer to the applicable section thereof which is relatable to the relevant Article in which the said term appears in these Articles and any previous company law, so far as may be applicable.	"Act"
(b) "Articles" means these articles of association of the Company or as altered from time to time.	"Articles"
(c) "Board of Directors" or "Board", means the collective body of the directors of the Company.	"Board of Directors" or "Board"
(d) "Company" means Jindal United Steel Limited.	"Company"
(e) "Public Company" means the Company as per section 2(71) of Companies Act, 2013.	
(f) "Rules" means the applicable rules for the time being in force as prescribed under relevant sections of the Act.	"Rules"
(g) "Seal" means the common seal of the Company.	"Seal"

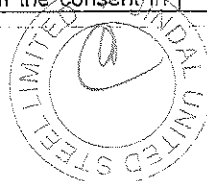
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Company Secretary

	<p>(2) Words importing the singular number shall include the plural number and words importing the masculine gender shall, where the context admits, include the feminine and neuter gender.</p> <p>(3) Unless the context otherwise requires, words or expressions contained in these Articles shall bear the same meaning as in the Act or the Rules, as the case may be.</p>	<p>"Number" and "Gender"</p> <p>Expressions in the Articles to bear the same meaning as in the Act</p>
<b>Share capital and variation of rights</b>		
1.	The Authorized Share Capital of the Company shall be such as given in Clause V of the Memorandum of Association of the Company as altered from time to time.	
2.	Subject to the provisions of the Act and these Articles, the shares in the capital of the Company shall be under the control of the Board who may issue, allot or otherwise dispose of the same or any of them to such persons, in such proportion and on such terms and conditions and either at a premium or at par and at such time as they may from time to time think fit.	Shares under control of Board
3.	Subject to the provisions of the Act and these Articles, the Board may issue and allot shares in the capital of the Company on payment or part payment for any property or assets of any kind whatsoever sold or transferred, goods or machinery supplied or for services rendered to the Company in the conduct of its business and any shares which may be so allotted may be issued as fully paid-up or partly paid-up otherwise than for cash, and if so issued, shall be deemed to be fully paid-up or partly paid-up shares, as the case may be.	Directors may allot shares otherwise than for cash
4.	<p>The Company may issue the following kinds of shares in accordance with these Articles, the Act, the Rules and other applicable laws:</p> <p>(a) Equity share capital:</p> <p>(i) with voting rights; and / or</p> <p>(ii) with differential rights as to dividend, voting or otherwise in accordance with the Rules; and</p> <p>(b) Preference share capital</p>	Kinds of Share Capital
5.	The Company in General Meeting may, from time to time, increase its Share Capital, including by the creation of new Shares, with such increase to be of such aggregate amount and to be divided into Shares of such respective amounts as the resolution shall prescribe. Subject to the provisions of the Act, any Shares of the original or increased Capital shall be issued upon such terms and conditions and with such rights and privileges annexed thereto, as the General Meeting resolving upon the creation thereof, shall direct and if no direction be given as the Directors shall determine and in particular, such Shares may be issued with a preferential or qualified right to dividends, and in the distribution of assets of the Company upon winding up, and with a right of voting at General Meetings of the Company in conformity with Section 47 of the Act. Whenever the Authorized Capital of the Company has been increased under the provisions of the Article, the Directors shall comply with the provisions of Section 64 of the Act.	Increase of Capital by the Company and how carried into effect
6.	Except so far as otherwise provided by the conditions of issue or by these presents, any capital raised by the creation of new share shall be considered as part of the existing capital; and shall be subject to the provisions herein contained, with reference to the payment of calls and installments, forfeiture, lien, surrender, transfer and transmission, voting rights and other wise	New Capital Same as Existing



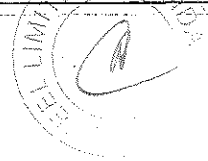
7.	<p>(1) Every person whose name is entered as a member in the register of members shall be entitled to receive within two months after allotment or within one month from the date of receipt by the Company of the application for the registration of transfer or transmission or within such other period as the conditions of issue shall provide -</p> <p>(a) one certificate for all his shares without payment of any charges; or</p> <p>(b) several certificates, each for one or more of his shares, upon payment of such charges as may be fixed by the Board for each certificate after the first.</p> <p>(2) Every certificate shall be under the seal and shall specify the shares to which it relates and the amount paid-up thereon.</p> <p>(3) In respect of any share or shares held jointly by several persons, the Company shall not be bound to issue more than one certificate, and delivery of a certificate for a share to one of several joint holders shall be sufficient delivery to all such holders.</p>	<p>Issue of certificate</p> <p>Certificate to bear seal</p> <p>One certificate for shares held jointly</p>
8.	A person subscribing to shares offered by the Company shall have the option either to receive certificates for such shares or hold the shares in a dematerialized state with a depository. Where a person opts to hold any share with the depository, the Company shall intimate such depository the details of allotment of the share to enable the depository to enter in its records the name of such person as the beneficial owner of that share.	Option to receive share certificate or hold shares with depository
9.	If any share certificate be worn out, defaced, mutilated or torn or if there be no further space on the back for endorsement of transfer, then upon production and surrender thereof to the Company, a new certificate may be issued in lieu thereof, and if any certificate is lost or destroyed then upon proof thereof to the satisfaction of the Company and on execution of such indemnity as the Board / committee may consider adequate, a new certificate in lieu thereof shall be given. Every certificate under this Article shall be issued on payment of fees for each certificate as may be fixed by the Board.	Issue of new certificate in place of one defaced, lost or destroyed
10.	The provisions of the foregoing Articles relating to issue of certificates shall <i>mutatis mutandis</i> apply to issue of certificates for any other securities including debentures (except where the Act otherwise requires) of the Company.	Provisions as to issue of certificates to apply <i>mutatis mutandis</i> to debentures, etc
11.	<p>(1) The Company may exercise the powers of paying commissions conferred by the Act, to any person in connection with the subscription to its securities, provided that the rate per cent. or the amount of the commission paid or agreed to be paid shall be disclosed in the manner required by the Act and the Rules.</p> <p>(2) The rate or amount of the commission shall not exceed the rate or amount prescribed in the Rules.</p> <p>(3) The commission may be satisfied by the payment of cash or the allotment of fully or partly paid shares or partly in the one way and partly in the other.</p>	<p>Power to pay commission in connection with securities issued</p> <p>Rate of commission in accordance with Rules</p> <p>Mode of payment of commission</p>
12.	(1) If at any time the share capital is divided into different classes of shares, the rights attached to any class (unless otherwise provided by the terms of issue of the shares of that class) may, subject to the provisions of the Act, and whether or not the Company is being wound up, be varied with the consent in	Variation of members' rights



	<p>writing, of such number of the holders of the issued shares of that class, or with the sanction of a resolution passed at a separate meeting of the holders of the shares of that class, as prescribed by the Act.</p> <p>(2) To every such separate meeting, the provisions of these Articles relating to general meetings shall <i>mutatis mutandis</i> apply.</p>	Provisions as to general meetings to apply <i>mutatis mutandis</i> to each meeting.
13.	The rights conferred upon the holders of the shares of any class issued with preferred or other rights shall not, unless otherwise expressly provided by the terms of issue of the shares of that class, be deemed to be varied by the creation or issue of further shares ranking <i>pari passu</i> therewith.	Issue of further shares not to affect rights of existing members
14.	<p>Subject to the provisions of Section 55 of the Act, the Company shall have the power to issue, from time to time, redeemable cumulative and/or non-cumulative, participative and/or non-participative, convertible and/or non-convertible preference Shares and such preference Shares may confer upon the holders thereof:</p> <p>(i) the right to be paid a fixed preferential dividend either as a fixed amount or at a fixed rate specified by the terms of issue of such Shares from time to time in respect of the amount paid-up on the Shares;</p> <p>(ii) the right to attend meetings and vote on resolutions directly affecting the rights attached to their preference Shares, resolutions for the winding up of the Company, resolutions for the repayment or reduction of equity or preference Share Capital;</p> <p>(iii) right to attend meetings and vote on all resolutions where the dividend due on the Shares is in arrears for not less than two years before the meetings; and</p> <p>(iv) in case of winding-up or repayment of Capital, a preferential right of return of the Share Capital paid-up or deemed to be paid up together with arrears of cumulative preferential dividend due thereon, but without any further right or claim over the assets of the Company.</p>	Redeemable Preference Shares
15.	<p>On the issue of redeemable preference Shares under the provisions of Article 14 hereof the following provisions shall take effect:</p> <p>a) no such Shares shall be redeemed except out of the profits of the Company which would otherwise be available for dividend or out of the proceeds of a fresh issue of Shares made for the purpose of the redemption;</p> <p>b) no such Shares shall be redeemed unless they are fully paid;</p> <p>c) the premium if any, payable on redemption must have been provided for out of the profits of the Company or the Company's Share premium account (as applicable in terms of S. 55 of the Act) before the Shares are redeemed;</p> <p>d) where any such Share is redeemed otherwise than out of the proceeds of a fresh issue, there shall, out of profits which would otherwise have been available for dividend, be transferred to a reserve fund, to be called the 'Capital Redemption Reserve Account', a sum equal to the nominal amount of the Shares redeemed and the provisions of the Act relating to the reduction for the Share Capital of the Company shall, except as provided in Section 55 of the Act, apply as if the Capital Redemption Reserve Account were paid-up Share Capital of the Company.</p>	Provision to apply on issue of Redeemable Preference Shares
16.	1. (a) Where at any time, the Company proposes to increase its Subscribed Capital by the issue of further Shares, then such further Shares shall be offered to the	Further issue of share capital



	<p>persons who at the date of the offer, are holders of the equity Shares of the Company, in proportion, as nearly as circumstances admit, to the Share Capital paid-up on these Shares in accordance with Section 62 of the Act.</p> <p>(b) Notwithstanding anything contained in the preceding sub-Article the Company may by special resolution offer further Shares to any person or persons (including employees under a scheme of employees' stock option), and such person or persons may or may not include the persons who at the date of the offer are the holder of the equity Shares of the Company.</p> <p>(c) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-clause (a) above but subject however, to Section 62(3) of the Act, the Company may increase its Subscribed Capital on exercise of an option attached to the debentures issued or loans raised by the Company to convert such debentures or loans into Shares, or to subscribe for Shares in the Company.</p> <p>(2) A further issue of shares may be made in any manner whatsoever as the Board may determine including by way of preferential offer or private placement, subject to and in accordance with the Act and the Rules.</p>	Mode of further issue of shares
<b>Share and Certificate</b>		
17.	The Company shall cause to be kept a Register and Index of Members in accordance with the provisions of the Act. The Company shall be entitled to keep in any state or country outside India a branch Register of members resident in the State of Country	Register and Index of Member
18.	The shares in the capital shall be numbered progressively according to their denominations, and except in the manner hereinbefore mentioned no shares shall be sub-divided. Every forfeited or surrendered share shall continue to bear the number by which the same was originally distinguished.	Shares to be numbered progressively and no shares to be sub-divided
19.	<p>1. Subject to the provisions of Section 61 of the Act, the Company in General Meeting may, from time to time, alter its memorandum to increase its Share Capital; sub-divide or consolidate its Shares or any of them; convert Shares into stock and vice-versa; and cancel Shares which at the date of the passing of the resolution in that behalf have not been taken or agreed to be taken by any person and diminish the amount of its Share Capital by the amount of the shares so cancelled. The resolution whereby any Share is sub-divided may determine that, as between the holder of the Shares resulting from such subdivision one or more such Shares shall have some preference or special advantage as regards dividend or otherwise over or as compared with the others or other subject as aforesaid.</p> <p>2. The Company may, by special resolution, reduce in any manner and with, and subject to, any incident authorized and consent required by law –</p> <p>a) Its share capital;</p> <p>b) Any capital redemption reserve account; and</p> <p>c) Any share premium account.</p>	Sub-division Consolidation and cancellation of Shares
20.	1. Whenever the Share Capital, by reason of the issue of preference Shares or otherwise, is divided into different classes of Shares, all or any of the rights and privileges attached to each class may, subject to the provisions of Section 48 of the Act and the terms of issue of such class of Shares, and whether or not the Company is being wound up, be modified, commuted, affected or abrogated or dealt with by agreement between the Company and any person purporting to contract on behalf of that class, provided such agreement is ratified in writing by holders of at least three-	Modification of rights

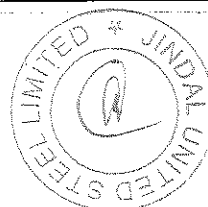


	<p>fourths in nominal value of the issued Shares of the class or is sanctioned by a special resolution passed at a separate General Meeting of the holders of Shares of that class.</p> <p>2. The rights conferred upon the holders of the Shares of any class issued with preferred or other rights shall not, unless otherwise expressly provided by the terms of issue of the Shares of that class, be deemed to be varied by the creation or issue of further Shares ranking <i>pari passu</i> therewith.</p>	
21.	Any application signed by or on behalf of an applicant for Shares in the Company, followed by an allotment of any Share therein, shall be an acceptance of Shares within the meaning of these Articles, and every person who thus or otherwise accepts any Shares and whose name is on the register of members [or the register of beneficial owners maintained by a depository] shall, for the purposes of these Articles, be a member.	Acceptance of Shares
22.	The money (if any) which the Board shall, on the allotment of any Shares being made by them, require or direct to be paid by way of deposit, call or otherwise, in respect of any Shares allotted by them, shall immediately on the insertion of the name of the allottee in the register of members as the name of the holders of such Shares become a debt due to and recoverable by the Company from the allottee thereof, and shall be paid by him accordingly.	Deposit and call etc. to be a debt payable immediately
23.	<p>Subject to the provisions of Section 46 of the Act and the rules made thereunder:</p> <p>(a) No certificate of any Share or Shares shall be issued either in exchange for those which are subdivided or consolidated or in replacement of those which are defaced, torn or old, decrepit, worn out, or where the cages on the reverse for recording transfers have been duly utilised, unless the certificate in lieu of which it is issued is surrendered to the Company.</p> <p>(b) When a new Share certificate has been issued in pursuance of clause (a) of this Article it shall state on the face of it and against such counterfoil to the effect that it is "issued in lieu of Share certificate No... sub- divided/replaced/on consolidation: of Shares".</p> <p>(c) If a Share certificate is lost or destroyed, a new certificate in lieu thereof shall be issued only with the prior consent of the Board and on such terms, if any, as to evidence and indemnity as to the payment of out-of pocket expenses incurred by the Company investigating evidence, as the Board thinks fit.</p> <p>(d) When a new Share certificate has been issued in pursuance of clause (c) of this Article, it shall state on the face of it or counterfoil to the effect that it is 'duplicate issued in lieu of Share certificate No .....'. The word 'Duplicate' and shall be stamped or punched in bold letters across the face of the Share certificate.</p> <p>(e) Where a new Share certificate has been issued in pursuance of clause (a) or clause (c) of this Article, particulars of every such Share certificate shall be entered in register of renewed and duplicate Share certificates indicating against the name of the persons to whom the certificate is issued, the number and date of issue of the Share certificate in lieu of which the new certificate is issued, and the necessary changes indicated in the register of members by suitable cross reference in the 'Remarks' column.</p> <p>(f) All blank forms to be issued for issue of Share certificates shall be printed and printing shall be done only on the authority of a resolution of the Board. The blank forms shall be consecutively machine numbered and the forms and the blocks, engraving, facsimiles and hues relating to the printing of such forms shall be kept in the custody of the secretary or such other person as the Board may appoint for the</p>	Renewal of Share Certificate

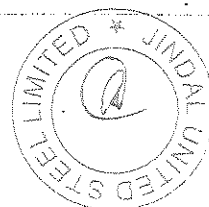




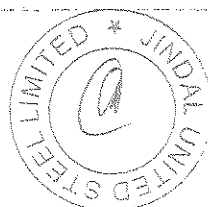
	(2) The residue, if any, shall, subject to a like lien for sums not presently payable as existed upon the shares before the sale, be paid to the person entitled to the shares at the date of the sale.	Payment of residual money
28.	In exercising its lien, the Company shall be entitled to treat the registered holder of any share as the absolute owner thereof and accordingly shall not (except as ordered by a court of competent jurisdiction or unless required by any statute) be bound to recognise any equitable or other claim to, or interest in, such share on the part of any other person, whether a creditor of the registered holder or otherwise. The Company's lien shall prevail notwithstanding that it has received notice of any such claim.	Outsider's lien not to affect Company's lien
29.	The provisions of these Articles relating to lien shall <i>mutatis mutandis</i> apply to any other securities including debentures of the Company.	Provisions as to lien to apply <i>mutatis mutandis</i> to debentures, etc.
<b>Calls on shares</b>		
30.	<p>(1) The Board may, from time to time, make calls upon the members in respect of any monies unpaid on their shares (whether on account of the nominal value of the shares or by way of premium) and not by the conditions of allotment thereof made payable at fixed times.</p> <p>(2) Each member shall, subject to receiving at least fourteen days' notice specifying the time or times and place of payment, pay to the Company, at the time or times and place so specified, the amount called on his shares.</p> <p>(3) The Board may, from time to time, at its discretion, extend the time fixed for the payment of any call in respect of one or more members as the Board may deem appropriate in any circumstances.</p> <p>(4) A call may be revoked or postponed at the discretion of the Board.</p>	<p>Board may make calls</p> <p>Notice of call</p> <p>Board may extend time for payment</p> <p>Revocation or postponement of call</p>
31.	A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution of the Board authorizing the call was passed and may be required to be paid by instalments.	Call to take effect from date of resolution
32.	The joint holders of a share shall be jointly and severally liable to pay all calls in respect thereof.	Liability of joint holders of shares
33.	<p>(1) If a sum called in respect of a share is not paid before or on the day appointed for payment thereof (the "due date"), or such extension thereof the person from whom the sum is due shall pay interest thereon from the due date to the time of actual payment at such rate as may be fixed by the Board.</p> <p>(2) The Board shall be at liberty to waive payment of any such interest wholly or in part.</p>	<p>When interest on call or installment payable</p> <p>Board may waive interest</p>
34.	(1) Any sum which by the terms of issue of a share becomes payable on allotment or at any fixed date, whether on account of the nominal value of the share or by way of premium, shall, for the purposes of these Articles, be deemed to be a call duly made and payable on the date on which by the terms of issue	Sums deemed to be calls



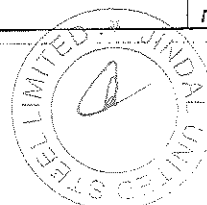
	such sum becomes payable. (2) In case of non-payment of such sum, all the relevant provisions of these Articles as to payment of interest and expenses, forfeiture or otherwise shall apply as if such sum had become payable by virtue of a call duly made and notified.	Effect of non-payment of sums
35.	The Board - (a) may, if it thinks fit, receive from any member willing to advance the same, all or any part of the monies uncalled and unpaid upon any shares held by him; and (b) upon all or any of the monies so advanced, may (until the same would, but for such advance, become presently payable) pay interest at such rate as may be fixed by the Board. Nothing contained in this clause shall confer on the member (a) any right to participate in profits or dividends or (b) any voting rights in respect of the moneys so paid by him until the same would, but for such payment, become presently payable by him.	Payment in anticipation of calls may carry interest
36.	If by the conditions of allotment of any shares, the whole or part of the amount of issue price thereof shall be payable by instalments, then every such instalment shall, when due, be paid to the Company by the person who, for the time being and from time to time, is or shall be the registered holder of the share or the legal representative of a deceased registered holder.	Instalments on shares to be duly paid
37.	All calls shall be made on a uniform basis on all shares falling under the same class. <i>Explanation:</i> Shares of the same nominal value on which different amounts have been paid-up shall not be deemed to fall under the same class.	Calls on shares of same class to be on uniform basis
38.	Neither a judgment nor a decree in favour of the Company for calls or other moneys due in respect of any shares nor any part payment or satisfaction thereof nor the receipt by the Company of a portion of any money which shall from time to time be due from any member in respect of any shares either by way of principal or interest nor any indulgence granted by the Company in respect of payment of any such money shall preclude the forfeiture of such shares as herein provided.	Partial payment not to preclude forfeiture
39.	The provisions of these Articles relating to calls shall <i>mutatis mutandis</i> apply to any other securities including debentures of the Company.	Provisions as to calls to apply <i>mutatis mutandis</i> to debentures, etc.
<b>Transfer of shares</b>		
40.	The Company shall keep a "Register of Transfers" and therein shall be fairly and distinctly entered particulars of every transfer or transmission of any Share.	Register of Transfers
41.	A Share in the Company may be transferred by an instrument in writing as provided by the provision of the Act. Such instrument of transfer shall be in the form prescribed and shall be duly stamped and delivered to the Company within the period prescribed in the Act.	Form of transfer
42.	The instrument of transfer duly stamped and executed by the transferor and the transferee shall be delivered to the Company in accordance with the provisions of the Act. The instrument of transfer shall be accompanied by such evidence as the Board may require to prove the title of the transferor and his right to transfer the Shares and every registered instrument of transfer shall remain in the custody of the Company until destroyed by order of the Board. The transferor shall be deemed to be the holder of such Shares until the name of the transferee shall have been entered in the register of members in respect thereof. Before the registration of a transfer the	Transfer form to be completed and presented to the Company



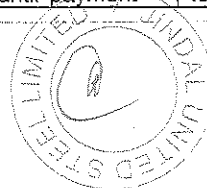
	certificate of the Shares must be delivered to the Company.	
43.	The Board shall have power on giving not less than seven days' previous notice by advertisement in a newspaper circulating in the district in which the registered office of the Company is situated to close the transfer books, the register of members or register of debenture-holders or other security holders at such time or times and for such period or periods, not exceeding thirty days at a time and not exceeding in the aggregate forty-five days in each year.	Transfer Books and Register of Members when close
44.	The Board may, subject to the right of appeal conferred by the Act, decline to register - (a) the transfer of a share, not being a fully paid share, to a person of whom they do not approve; or (b) any transfer of shares on which the Company has a lien.	Board may refuse to register transfer
45.	In case of shares held in physical form, the Board may decline to recognise any instrument of transfer unless - (a) the instrument of transfer is duly executed and is in the form as prescribed in the Rules made under the Act; (b) the instrument of transfer is accompanied by the certificate of the shares to which it relates, and such other evidence as the Board may reasonably require to show the right of the transferor to make the transfer; and (c) the instrument of transfer is in respect of only one class of shares.	Board may decline to recognise instrument of transfer
46.	On giving of previous notice of at least seven days or such lesser period in accordance with the Act and Rules made thereunder, the registration of transfers may be suspended at such times and for such periods as the Board may from time to time determine: Provided that such registration shall not be suspended for more than thirty days at any one time or for more than forty-five days in the aggregate in any year.	Transfer of shares when suspended
47.	In the case of the death of any one or more of the persons named in the Register of Members as the joint-holders of any share, the survivor or survivors shall be the only persons recognized by the Company as having any title to or interest in such shares, but nothing herein contained shall be taken to release the estate of a deceased joint-holder from any liability on shares held by him jointly with any other person	Death of one or more joint holders of shares
48.	The executors or administrators or holders of a Succession Certificate or the legal representatives of a deceased member (not being one or two or more joint holders) shall be the only persons recognized by the Company as having any title to the shares registered in the name of such members, and the company shall not be bound to recognize such executors or administrators or holders of a Succession Certificate or the legal representatives shall have first obtained Probate or Letters of Administration of Succession Certificate, as the case may be, from a duly constituted Court in the Union of India; provided that in any case where the Board in its absolute discretion thinks fit, the Board may dispense with production of Probate or Letters of Administration or Succession Certificate, upon such terms as to indemnity or otherwise as the Board in its absolute discretion may think necessary and under Articles register the name of any person who claims to be absolutely entitled to the shares standing in the name of a deceased member, as a member	Title of deceased member
49.	No Share shall in any Circumstance to be transferred to any infant, insolvent or person of unsound mind.	No transfer to infant etc.
50.	The provisions of these Articles relating to transfer of shares shall mutatis mutandis apply to any other securities including debentures of the Company.	Provisions as to transfer of shares to apply mutatis mutandis to debentures, etc.



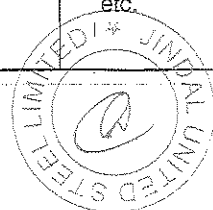
Transmission of shares		
51.	<p>(1) On the death of a member, the survivor or survivors where the member was a joint holder, and his nominee or nominees or legal representatives where he was a sole holder, shall be the only persons recognised by the Company as having any title to his interest in the shares.</p> <p>(2) Nothing in clause (1) shall release the estate of a deceased joint holder from any liability in respect of any share which had been jointly held by him with other persons.</p>	<p>Title to shares on death of a member</p> <p>Estate of deceased member liable</p>
52.	<p>(1) Any person becoming entitled to a share in consequence of the death or insolvency of a member may, upon such evidence being produced as may from time to time properly be required by the Board and subject as hereinafter provided, elect, either -</p> <p>(a) to be registered himself as holder of the share; or</p> <p>(b) to make such transfer of the share as the deceased or insolvent member could have made.</p> <p>(2) The Board shall, in either case, have the same right to decline or suspend registration as it would have had, if the deceased or insolvent member had transferred the share before his death or insolvency.</p> <p>(3) The Company shall be fully indemnified by such person from all liability, if any, by actions taken by the Board to give effect to such registration or transfer.</p>	<p>Transmission Clause</p> <p>Board's right unaffected</p> <p>Indemnity to the Company</p>
53.	<p>(1) If the person so becoming entitled shall elect to be registered as holder of the share himself, he shall deliver or send to the Company a notice in writing signed by him stating that he so elects.</p> <p>(2) If the person aforesaid shall elect to transfer the share, he shall testify his election by executing a transfer of the share.</p> <p>(3) All the limitations, restrictions and provisions of these regulations relating to the right to transfer and the registration of transfers of shares shall be applicable to any such notice or transfer as aforesaid as if the death or insolvency of the member had not occurred and the notice or transfer were a transfer signed by that member.</p>	<p>Right to election of holder of share</p> <p>Manner of testifying election</p> <p>Limitations applicable to notice</p>
54.	<p>A person becoming entitled to a share by reason of the death or insolvency of the holder shall be entitled to the same dividends and other advantages to which he would be entitled if he were the registered holder of the share, except that he shall not, before being registered as a member in respect of the share, be entitled in respect of it to exercise any right conferred by membership in relation to meetings of the Company:</p> <p>Provided that the Board may, at any time, give notice requiring any such person to elect either to be registered himself or to transfer the share, and if the notice is not complied with within ninety days, the Board may thereafter withhold payment of all dividends, bonuses or other monies payable in respect of the share, until the requirements of the notice have been complied with.</p>	<p>Claimant to be entitled to same advantage</p>
55.	<p>The provisions of these Articles relating to transmission by operation of law shall <i>mutatis mutandis</i> apply to any other securities including debentures of the Company.</p>	<p>Provisions as to transmission to apply <i>mutatis mutandis</i> to</p>



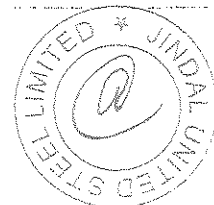
		debentures, etc.
<b>Forfeiture of shares</b>		
56.	If a member fails to pay any call, or instalment of a call or any money due in respect of any share, on the day appointed for payment thereof, the Board may, at any time thereafter during such time as any part of the call or instalment remains unpaid or a judgment or decree in respect thereof remains unsatisfied in whole or in part, serve a notice on him requiring payment of so much of the call or instalment or other money as is unpaid, together with any interest which may have accrued and all expenses that may have been incurred by the Company by reason of non-payment	Notice to member who has not paid call
57.	The notice aforesaid shall: (a) name a further day (not being earlier than the expiry of fourteen days from the date of service of the notice) on or before which the payment required by the notice is to be made; and (b) state that, in the event of non-payment on or before the day so named, the shares in respect of which the call was made shall be liable to be forfeited.	Form of notice
58.	If the requirements of any such notice as aforesaid are not complied with, any share in respect of which the notice has been given may, at any time thereafter, before the payment required by the notice has been made, be forfeited by a resolution of the Board to that effect.	In default of payment of shares to be forfeited
59.	When any Share shall have been so forfeited, notice of the forfeiture shall be given to the member in whose name it stood immediately prior to the forfeiture and an entry of the forfeiture with the date thereof shall forthwith be made in the register of members, but no forfeiture shall be in any manner invalidated by any omission or neglect to give such notice or to make any such entry as aforesaid.	Notice of forfeiture to a member
60.	Neither the receipt by the Company for a portion of any money which may from time to time be due from any member in respect of his shares, nor any indulgence that may be granted by the Company in respect of payment of any such money, shall preclude the Company from thereafter proceeding to enforce a forfeiture in respect of such shares as herein provided. Such forfeiture shall include all dividends declared or any other moneys payable in respect of the forfeited shares and not actually paid before the forfeiture.	Receipt of part amount or grant of indulgence not to affect forfeiture
61.	When any share shall have been so forfeited, notice of the forfeiture shall be given to the defaulting member and an entry of the forfeiture with the date thereof, shall forthwith be made in the register of members but no forfeiture shall be invalidated by any omission or neglect or any failure to give such notice or make such entry as aforesaid.	Entry of forfeiture in register of members
62.	The forfeiture of a share shall involve extinction at the time of forfeiture, of all interest in and all claims and demands against the Company, in respect of the share and all other rights incidental to the share.	Effect of forfeiture
63.	(1) A forfeited share shall be deemed to be the property of the Company and may be sold or re-allotted or otherwise disposed of either to the person who was before such forfeiture the holder thereof or entitled thereto or to any other person on such terms and in such manner as the Board thinks fit. (2) At any time before a sale, re-allotment or disposal as aforesaid, the Board may cancel the forfeiture on such terms as it thinks fit.	Forfeited shares may be sold, etc.  Cancellation of forfeiture
64.	(1) A person whose shares have been forfeited shall cease to be a member in respect of the forfeited shares, but shall, notwithstanding the forfeiture, remain liable to pay, and shall pay, to the Company all monies which, at the date of forfeiture, were presently payable by him to the Company in respect of the shares.  (2) All such monies payable shall be paid together with interest thereon at such rate as the Board may determine, from the time of forfeiture until payment	Members still liable to pay money owing at the time of forfeiture  Member still liable to pay money



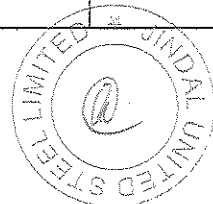
	or realisation. The Board may, if it thinks fit, but without being under any obligation to do so, enforce the payment of the whole or any portion of the monies due, without any allowance for the value of the shares at the time of forfeiture or waive payment in whole or in part.	owing at time of forfeiture and interest
	(3) The liability of such person shall cease if and when the Company shall have received payment in full of all such monies in respect of the shares.	Cesser of liability
65.	(1) A duly verified declaration in writing that the declarant is a director, the manager or the secretary of the Company, and that a share in the Company has been duly forfeited on a date stated in the declaration, shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated as against all persons claiming to be entitled to the share;	Certificate of forfeiture
	(2) The Company may receive the consideration, if any, given for the share on any sale, re-allotment or disposal thereof and may execute a transfer of the share in favour of the person to whom the share is sold or disposed of;	Title of purchaser and transferee of forfeited shares
	(3) The transferee shall thereupon be registered as the holder of the share; and	Transferee to be registered as holder
	(4) The transferee shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money, if any, nor shall his title to the share be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings in reference to the forfeiture, sale, re-allotment or disposal of the share.	Transferee not affected
66.	Upon any sale after forfeiture or for enforcing a lien in exercise of the powers hereinabove given, the Board may, if necessary, appoint some person to execute an instrument for transfer of the shares sold and cause the purchaser's name to be entered in the register of members in respect of the shares sold and after his name has been entered in the register of members in respect of such shares the validity of the sale shall not be impeached by any person	Validity of sales
67.	Upon any sale, re-allotment or other disposal under the provisions of the preceding Articles, the certificate(s), if any, originally issued in respect of the relative shares shall (unless the same shall on demand by the Company has been previously surrendered to it by the defaulting member) stand cancelled and become null and void and be of no effect, and the Board shall be entitled to issue a duplicate certificate(s) in respect of the said shares to the person(s) entitled thereto.	Cancellation of share certificate in respect of forfeited shares
68.	The Board may, subject to the provisions of the Act, accept a surrender of any share from or by any member desirous of surrendering them on such terms as they think fit.	Surrender of share certificates
69.	The provisions of these Articles as to forfeiture shall apply in the case of non-payment of any sum which, by the terms of issue of a share, becomes payable at a fixed time, whether on account of the nominal value of the share or by way of premium, as if the same had been payable by virtue of a call duly made and notified.	Sums deemed to be calls
70.	The provisions of these Articles relating to forfeiture of shares shall <i>mutatis mutandis</i> apply to any other securities including debentures of the Company.	Provisions as to forfeiture of shares to apply <i>mutatis mutandis</i> to debentures, etc.



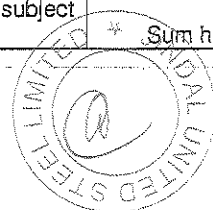
Dematerialization Of Securities		
71.	<p>(i) For the purpose of this Article :-</p> <p>"Beneficial Owner" means a person or persons whose name is recorded as such with a Depository ;</p> <p>SEBI means the Securities and Exchange Board of India;</p> <p>'Depository' means a company formed and registered under the Companies Act, 2013, or any previous company law, and which has been granted a certificate of registration to act as depository under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 and the rules and regulations made thereunder; and;</p> <p>"Depositories Act" means the Depositories Act, 1996 or any statutory modification or re-enactment thereof;</p> <p>"Registered Owner" means a Depository whose name is entered as such in the records of the Company ;</p> <p>"Securities" means such security as may be specified by the Securities &amp; Exchange Board of India from time to time.</p>	Definitions
72.	Notwithstanding anything contained in these Articles, the Company shall be entitled to dematerialise its securities and to offer securities in a dematerialised form pursuant to the Depositories Act, 1996	Dematerialization of Securities
73.	<p>Every person subscribing to securities offered by the Company shall have the option to receive security certificates or to hold the securities with a depository. Such person who is the beneficial owner of the securities can at any time opt out of a depository, if permitted by the law, in respect of any security in the manner provided by the Depositories Act, and the Company shall, in the manner and within the time prescribed, issue to the beneficial owner the required certificates of securities.</p> <p>If a person opts to hold his security with a depository, the Company shall intimate such depository the details of allotment of the security, and on receipt of the information, the depository shall enter in its record the name of the allottee as the beneficial owner of the security.</p>	Options for investors
74.	All securities held by a depository shall be dematerialized and be in fungible form. Nothing contained in Sections 89 and 187 of the Act shall apply to a depository in respect of the securities held by it on behalf of the beneficial owners.	Securities in depositories to be in fungible form
75.	<p>a) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in the Act or these Articles, a depository shall be deemed to be the registered owner for the purposes of effecting transfer of ownership of security on behalf of the beneficial owner.</p> <p>b) Save as otherwise provided in (a) above, the depository as the registered owner of the securities shall not have any voting rights or any other rights in respect of the securities held by it.</p> <p>c) Every person holding securities of the Company and whose name is entered as the beneficial owner in the records of the depository shall be deemed to be a member of the Company. The beneficial owner of securities shall be entitled to all the rights and benefits and be subject to all the liabilities in respect of his securities which are held by a depository.</p>	Rights of Depositories and beneficial owners
76.	Notwithstanding anything in the Act, or these Articles to the contrary, where securities are held in a depository, the records of the beneficial ownership may be served by	Service of documents



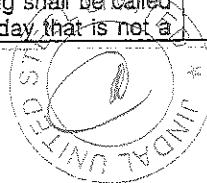
	such depository on the Company by means of electronic mode or by delivery of floppies or discs.	
77.	Notwithstanding anything in the Act, or these Articles, where securities are dealt with by a depository, the Company shall intimate the details thereof to the depository immediately on allotment of such securities.	Allotment of securities dealt with in a depository
78.	Nothing contained in the Act or these Articles regarding the necessity of having distinctive numbers for securities issued by the Company shall apply to securities held with depository.	Distinctive number of securities held in a depository.
79.	The register and index of beneficial owners maintained by a depository under the Depositories Act, 1996 shall be deemed to be the register and index of members, debenture-holders and security holders, as the case may be, for the purposes of these Articles.	Register and Index of beneficial owners
<b>Alteration of capital</b>		
80.	Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Company may, by ordinary resolution - (a) increase the share capital by such sum, to be divided into shares of such amount as it thinks expedient; (b) consolidate and divide all or any of its share capital into shares of larger amount than its existing shares; Provided that any consolidation and division which results in changes in the voting percentage of members shall require applicable approvals under the Act; (c) convert all or any of its fully paid-up shares into stock, and reconvert that stock into fully paid-up shares of any denomination; (d) sub-divide its existing shares or any of them into shares of smaller amount than is fixed by the memorandum; (e) cancel any shares which, at the date of the passing of the resolution, have not been taken or agreed to be taken by any person.	Power to alter share capital
81.	The Company in General Meeting may convert any paid-up Shares into stock, and when any Shares shall have been converted into stock, the several holders of such stock may henceforth transfer their respective interest therein, or any part of such interest, in the same manner and subject to the same regulations as the Shares from which the stock arose might have been transferred if no such conversion had taken place, or as near thereto as circumstances will admit. The Company may at any time reconvert any stock into paid-up Shares of any denomination.	Shares may be converted into stock
82.	The holders of stock shall, according to the amount of stock held by them, have the same rights and privileges as regards dividends, voting at meetings of the Company, and other matters, as if they held the Shares from which the stock arose; but no such privilege or advantage (except participation in the dividends and profits of the Company, and in the assets on winding-up) shall be conferred by an amount of stock which would not, if existing in Shares have conferred that privilege or advantage.	Right of stock holders
83.	The Company may, by resolution as prescribed by the Act, reduce in any manner and in accordance with the provisions of the Act and the Rules, — (a) its share capital; and/or (b) any capital redemption reserve account; and/or (c) any securities premium account; and/or (d) any other reserve in the nature of share capital.	Reduction of capital
<b>Joint Holders</b>		
84.	Where two or more persons are registered as joint holders (not more than three) of any share, they shall be deemed (so far as the Company is concerned) to hold the same as joint tenants with benefits of survivorship, subject to the following and other provisions contained in these Articles:	Joint-holders



	<p>(a) The joint-holders of any share shall be liable severally as well as jointly for and in respect of all calls or instalments and other payments which ought to be made in respect of such share.</p> <p>(b) On the death of any one or more of such joint- holders, the survivor or survivors shall be the only person or persons recognized by the Company as having any title to the share but the Directors may require such evidence of death as they may deem fit, and nothing herein contained shall be taken to release the estate of a deceased joint-holder from any liability on shares held by him jointly with any other person.</p> <p>(c) Any one of such joint holders may give effectual receipts of any dividends, interests or other moneys payable in respect of such share.</p> <p>(d) Only the person whose name stands first in the register of members as one of the joint-holders of any share shall be entitled to the delivery of certificate, if any, relating to such share or to receive notice (which term shall be deemed to include all relevant documents) and any notice served on or sent to such person shall be deemed service on all the joint-holders.</p> <p>(e)(i) Any one of two or more joint-holders may vote at any meeting either personally or by attorney or by proxy in respect of such shares as if he were solely entitled thereto and if more than one of such joint- holders be present at any meeting personally or by proxy or by attorney then that one of such persons so present whose name stands first or higher (as the case may be) on the register in respect of such shares shall alone be entitled to vote in respect thereof but the other or others of the joint-holders shall be entitled to vote in preference to a joint-holder present by attorney or by proxy although the name of such joint-holder present by any attorney or proxy stands first or higher (as the case may be) in the register in respect of such shares.</p> <p>(ii) Several executors or administrators of a deceased member in whose (deceased member) sole name any share stands, shall for the purpose of this clause be deemed joint-holders.</p> <p>(f) The provisions of these Articles relating to joint holders of shares shall <i>mutatis mutandis</i> apply to any other securities including debentures of the Company registered in joint names.</p>	<p>Liability of Joint-holders</p> <p>Death of one or more joint-holders</p> <p>Receipt of one sufficient</p> <p>Delivery of certificate and giving of notice to first named holder</p> <p>Vote of joint-holders</p> <p>Executors or administrators as joint holders</p> <p>Provisions as to joint holders as to shares to apply <i>mutatis mutandis</i> to debentures, etc.</p>
<b>Capitalisation of profits</b>		
85.	<p>(1) The Company by ordinary resolution in general meeting may, upon the recommendation of the Board, resolve —</p> <p>(a) that it is desirable to capitalise any part of the amount for the time being standing to the credit of any of the Company's reserve accounts, or to the credit of the profit and loss account, or otherwise available for distribution; and</p> <p>(b) that such sum be accordingly set free for distribution in the manner specified in clause (2) below amongst the members who would have been entitled thereto, if distributed by way of dividend and in the same proportions.</p> <p>(2) The sum aforesaid shall not be paid in cash but shall be applied, subject to the provision contained in clause (3) below, either in or towards :</p>	<p>Capitalisation</p> <p>* Sum how</p>



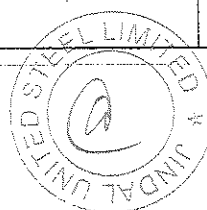
	<p>(A) paying up any amounts for the time being unpaid on any shares held by such members respectively;</p> <p>(B) paying up in full, unissued shares or other securities of the Company to be allotted and distributed, credited as fully paid-up, to and amongst such members in the proportions aforesaid;</p> <p>(C) partly in the way specified in sub-clause (A) and partly in that specified in sub-clause (B).</p> <p>(3) A securities premium account and a capital redemption reserve account or any other permissible reserve account may, for the purposes of this Article, be applied in the paying up of unissued shares to be issued to members of the Company as fully paid bonus shares;</p> <p>(4) The Board shall give effect to the resolution passed by the Company in pursuance of this Article.</p>	applied
86.	<p>(1) Whenever such a resolution as aforesaid shall have been passed, the Board shall -</p> <p>(a) make all appropriations, and applications of the amounts resolved to be capitalised thereby, and all allotments and issues of fully paid shares or other securities, if any; and</p> <p>(b) generally do all acts and things required to give effect thereto.</p> <p>(2) The Board shall have power—</p> <p>(a) to make such provisions, by the issue of fractional certificates/coupons or by payment in cash or otherwise as it thinks fit, for the case of shares or other securities becoming distributable in fractions; and</p> <p>(b) to authorise any person to enter, on behalf of all the members entitled thereto, into an agreement with the Company providing for the allotment to them respectively, credited as fully paid-up, of any further shares or other securities to which they may be entitled upon such capitalisation, or as the case may require, for the payment by the Company on their behalf, by the application thereto of their respective proportions of profits resolved to be capitalised, of the amount or any part of the amounts remaining unpaid on their existing shares.</p> <p>(3) Any agreement made under such authority shall be effective and binding on such members.</p>	<p>Powers of the Board for capitalization</p> <p>Board's power to issue fractional certificate/coupon etc.</p> <p>Agreement binding on members</p>
<b>Buy-back of shares</b>		
87.	Notwithstanding anything contained in these Articles but subject to all applicable provisions of the Act or any other law for the time being in force, the Company may purchase its own shares or other specified securities.	Buy-back of shares
<b>General meetings</b>		
88.	The Company shall in each year hold a General Meeting as its Annual General Meeting in addition to any other Meeting in that year. All General Meetings other than the Annual General Meeting shall be called Extraordinary General Meetings. The Annual General Meeting shall be held within six months after the expiry of each financial year, provided that not more than fifteen months shall elapse between the date of one Annual General Meeting and that of the next. Nothing contained in the foregoing provisions shall be taken as affecting the right conferred upon the Registrar under the provisions of Section 96 of the Act to extend the time within which any Annual General Meeting may be held. Every Annual General Meeting shall be called for a time, during business hours, i.e. 9.00 a.m. to 6.00 p.m., on a day that is not a	Annual General Meeting Annual Summary



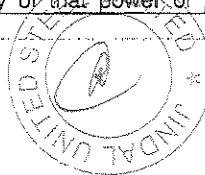
	national holiday, and shall be held at the registered office of the Company or at some other place within the city in which the registered office of the Company is situated as the Board may determine and the notice calling the Annual General Meeting shall specify it as the Annual General Meeting. The Company may in any one Annual General Meeting fix the time for its subsequent Annual General Meetings. Every member of the Company shall be entitled to attend either in person or by proxy and the auditor of the Company shall have the right to attend and to be heard at any General Meeting which he attends on any part of the business which concern him as an auditor. At every Annual General Meeting of the Company, there shall be laid on the table the Directors' Report and the financial statements as required under the Act, auditor's report (if not already incorporated in the audited statements of account), the proxy register with proxies and the register of directors' Shareholdings which later register shall remain open and accessible during the continuance of the meeting. The Board shall cause to be prepared the annual return, list of members, summary of the Share Capital, balance sheet and profit and loss account and forward the same to the Registrar in accordance with Sections 92 and 129 of the Act.	
89.	All general meetings other than annual general meeting shall be called extraordinary general meeting.	Extraordinary general meeting
90.	(i) The Board may, whenever it thinks fit, call an extraordinary general meeting. (ii) If at any time directors capable of acting who are sufficient in number to form a quorum are not within India, any directors or any two members of the Company may call an extraordinary general meeting in the same manner, as nearly as possible, as that in which such a meeting may be called by the Board.	Powers of Board to call extraordinary general meeting
<b>Proceedings at general meetings</b>		
91.	(1) No business shall be transacted at any general meeting unless a quorum of members is present at the time when the meeting proceeds to business.  (2) No business shall be discussed or transacted at any general meeting except election of Chairperson whilst the chair is vacant.  (3) The quorum for a general meeting shall be as provided in the Act.	Presence of Quorum  Business confined to election of Chairperson whilst chair vacant  Quorum for general meeting
92.	The Chairperson of the Company shall preside as Chairperson at every general meeting of the Company.	Chairperson of the meetings
93.	If there is no such Chairperson, or if he is not present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, or is unwilling to act as chairperson of the meeting, the directors present shall elect one of their members to be Chairperson of the meeting.	Directors to elect a Chairperson
94.	If at any meeting no director is willing to act as Chairperson or if no director is present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, the members present shall, choose one of their members to be Chairperson of the meeting.	Members to elect a Chairperson
95.	On any business at any general meeting, in case of an equality of votes, whether on a show of hands or electronically or on a poll, the Chairperson shall have a second or casting vote	Casting vote of Chairperson at general meeting
96.	(1) The Company shall cause minutes of the proceedings of every general meeting of any class of members or creditors and every resolution passed	Minutes of proceedings of



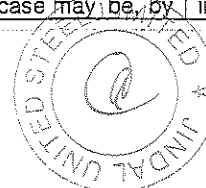
	by postal ballot to be prepared and signed in such manner as may be prescribed by the Act and Rules thereof and kept by making within thirty days of the conclusion of every such meeting concerned or passing of resolution by postal ballot entries thereof in books kept for that purpose with their pages consecutively numbered.	meetings and resolutions passed by postal ballot
	<p>(2) There shall not be included in the minutes any matter which, in the opinion of the Chairperson of the meeting -</p> <p>(a) is, or could reasonably be regarded, as defamatory of any person; or</p> <p>(b) is irrelevant or immaterial to the proceedings; or</p> <p>(c) is detrimental to the interests of the Company.</p> <p>(3) The Chairperson shall exercise an absolute discretion in regard to the inclusion or non-inclusion of any matter in the minutes on the grounds specified in the aforesaid clause.</p> <p>(4) The minutes of the meeting kept in accordance with the provisions of the Act shall be evidence of the proceedings recorded therein.</p>	<p>Certain matters not to be included in Minutes</p> <p>Discretion of Chairperson in relation to Minutes</p> <p>Minutes to be evidence</p>
97.	<p>(1) The books containing the minutes of the proceedings of any general meeting of the Company or a resolution passed by postal ballot shall:</p> <p>(a) be kept at the registered office of the Company; and</p> <p>(b) be open to inspection of any member without charge, during 11.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m. on all working days other than Saturdays.</p> <p>(2) Any member shall be entitled to be furnished, within the time prescribed by the Act, after he has made a request in writing in that behalf to the Company and on payment of such fees as may be fixed by the Board, with a copy of any minutes referred to in clause (1) above.</p>	<p>Inspection of minute books of general meeting</p> <p>Members may obtain copy of minutes</p>
98.	The Board, and also any person(s) authorised by it, may take any action before the commencement of any general meeting, or any meeting of a class of members in the Company, which they may think fit to ensure the security of the meeting, the safety of people attending the meeting, and the future orderly conduct of the meeting. Any decision made in good faith under this Article shall be final, and rights to attend and participate in the meeting concerned shall be subject to such decision.	Powers to arrange security at meetings
<b>Adjournment of meeting</b>		
99.	<p>(1) The Chairperson may, with the consent of any meeting at which a quorum is present, and shall, if so directed by the meeting, adjourn the meeting from time to time and from place to place</p> <p>(2) No business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business left unfinished at the meeting from which the adjournment took place.</p> <p>(3) When a meeting is adjourned for thirty days or more, notice of the adjourned meeting shall be given as in the case of an original meeting.</p>	<p>Chairperson may adjourn the meeting</p> <p>Business adjourned meeting</p> <p>Notice adjourned meeting</p>



	(4) Save as aforesaid, and save as provided in the Act, it shall not be necessary to give any notice of an adjournment or of the business to be transacted at an adjourned meeting.	Notice of adjourned meeting not required
<b>Voting rights</b>		
100.	Subject to any rights or restrictions for the time being attached to any class or classes of shares - (a) on a show of hands, every member present in person shall have one vote; and (b) on a poll, the voting rights of members shall be in proportion to his share in the paid-up equity share capital of the company.	Entitlement to vote on show of hands and on poll
101.	A member may exercise his vote at a meeting by electronic means in accordance with the Act and shall vote only once.	Voting through electronic means
102.	(1) In the case of joint holders, the vote of the senior who tenders a vote, whether in person or by proxy, shall be accepted to the exclusion of the votes of the other joint holders. (2) For this purpose, seniority shall be determined by the order in which the names stand in the register of members.	Vote of joint-holders  Seniority of names
103.	A member of unsound mind, or in respect of whom an order has been made by any court having jurisdiction in lunacy, may vote, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, by his committee or other legal guardian, and any such committee or guardian may, on a poll, vote by proxy. If any member be a minor, the vote in respect of his share or shares shall be by his guardian or any one of his guardians.	How members <i>non compos mentis</i> and minor may vote
104.	Subject to the provisions of the Act and other provisions of these Articles, any person entitled under the Transmission Clause to any shares may vote at any general meeting in respect thereof as if he was the registered holder of such shares, provided that at least 48 (forty eight) hours before the time of holding the meeting or adjourned meeting, as the case may be, at which he proposes to vote, he shall duly satisfy the Board of his right to such shares unless the Board shall have previously admitted his right to vote at such meeting in respect thereof.	Votes in respect of shares of deceased or insolvent members, etc.
105.	Any business other than that upon which a poll has been demanded may be proceeded with, pending the taking of the poll.	Business may proceed pending poll
106.	No member shall be entitled to vote at any general meeting unless all calls or other sums presently payable by him in respect of shares in the Company have been paid or in regard to which the Company has exercised any right of lien.	Restriction on voting rights
107.	A member is not prohibited from exercising his voting on the ground that he has not held his share or other interest in the Company for any specified period preceding the date on which the vote is taken, or on any other ground not being a ground set out in the preceding Article.	Restriction on exercise of voting rights in other cases to be void
108.	Any member whose name is entered in the register of members of the Company shall enjoy the same rights and be subject to the same liabilities as all other members of the same class	Equal rights of members
<b>Proxy</b>		
109.	(1) Any member entitled to attend and vote at a general meeting may do so either personally or through his constituted attorney or through another person as a proxy on his behalf, for that meeting.  (2) The instrument appointing a proxy and the power-of- attorney or other authority, if any, under which it is signed or a notarised copy of that power or	Member may vote in person or otherwise  Proxies when to be



	authority, shall be deposited at the registered office of the Company not less than 48 hours before the time for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the person named in the instrument proposes to vote, and in default the instrument of proxy shall not be treated as valid.	deposited
110.	An instrument appointing a proxy shall be in the form as prescribed in the Rules.	Form of proxy
111.	A vote given in accordance with the terms of an instrument of proxy shall be valid, notwithstanding the previous death or insanity of the principal or the revocation of the proxy or of the authority under which the proxy was executed, or the transfer of the shares in respect of which the proxy is given: Provided that no intimation in writing of such death, insanity, revocation or transfer shall have been received by the Company at its office before the commencement of the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the proxy is used.	Proxy to be valid notwithstanding death of the principal
<b>Board of Directors</b>		
112.	Unless otherwise determined by the Company in general meeting, the number of directors shall not be less than 3 (three) and shall not be more than 15 (fifteen).	Board of Directors
113.	The first Directors of the Company shall be :  1. Mr. Mahabir Prashad Swami  2. Mr. Shanti Swaroop Saxena  3. Mr. Ankur Agrawal	First Directors
114.	Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Board shall have powers to appoint from time to time any one or more of its number as the Managing Director or Managing Director(s) or Whole time Director or Whole time Directors and fix their remuneration	Board may appoint Managing Director(s) / Whole time Director(s)
115.	(1) The Board Shall have the power to determine the directors whose period of office is or is not liable to determination by retirement of directors by rotation.  (2) The same individual may, at the same time, be appointed as the Chairperson of the Company as well as the Managing Director or Chief Executive Officer of the Company	Directors not liable to retire by rotation  Same individual may be Chairperson and Managing Director / Chief Executive Officer
116.	(1) The remuneration of the directors shall, in so far as it consists of a monthly payment, be deemed to accrue from day-to-day (2) The remuneration payable to the directors, including any managing or whole-time director or manager, if any, shall be determined in accordance with and subject to the provisions of the Act by an ordinary resolution passed by the Company in general meeting. (3) In addition to the remuneration payable to them in pursuance of the Act, the directors may be paid all travelling, hotel and other expenses properly incurred by them— (a) in attending and returning from meetings of the Board of Directors or any committee thereof or general meetings of the Company; or (b) in connection with the business of the Company.	Remuneration of directors  Remuneration to require members' consent  Travelling and other expenses
117.	All cheques, promissory notes, drafts, hundis, bills of exchange and other negotiable instruments, and all receipts for monies paid to the Company, shall be signed, drawn, accepted, endorsed, or otherwise executed, as the case may be, by	Execution of negotiable instruments



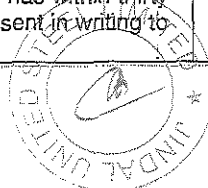
	such person and in such manner as the Board shall from time to time by resolution determine.	
118.	<p>(1) Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Board shall have power at any time, and from time to time, to appoint a person as an additional director, provided the number of the directors and additional directors together shall not at any time exceed the maximum strength fixed for the Board by the Company.</p> <p>(2) Such person shall hold office only up to the date of the next annual general meeting of the Company but shall be eligible for appointment by the Company as a director at that meeting subject to the provisions of the Act.</p>	<p>Appointment of additional directors</p> <p>Duration of office of additional director</p>
119.	<p>(1) The Board may appoint an alternate director to act for a director (hereinafter in this Article called "the Original Director") during his absence for a period of not less than three months from India. No person shall be appointed as an alternate director for an independent director unless he is qualified to be appointed as an independent director under the provisions of the Act.</p> <p>(2) An alternate director shall not hold office for a period longer than that permissible to the Original Director in whose place he has been appointed and shall vacate the office if and when the Original Director returns to India.</p> <p>(3) If the term of office of the Original Director is determined before he returns to India the automatic reappointment of retiring directors in default of another appointment shall apply to the Original Director and not to the alternate director.</p>	<p>Appointment of alternate director</p> <p>Duration of office of alternate director</p> <p>Re-appointment provisions applicable to Original Director</p>
120.	<p>(1) If the office of any director appointed by the Company in general meeting is vacated before his term of office expires in the normal course, the resulting casual vacancy may, be filled by the Board of Directors at a meeting of the Board.</p> <p>(2) The director so appointed shall hold office only upto the date upto which the director in whose place he is appointed would have held office if it had not been vacated</p>	<p>Appointment of director to fill a casual vacancy</p> <p>Duration of office of Director appointed to fill casual vacancy</p>
121.	Whenever Directors enter into a contract with any Government, whether Central, State or Local, any bank or financial institution or any person or persons hereinafter referred to as ("the appointer") for borrowing any money or for providing any guarantee or security or for technical collaboration or assistance or for underwriting or enter into any other arrangement whatsoever, the Directors shall have, subject to the provisions of section 152 of the Act, the power to agree that such appointer shall have the right to appoint or nominate by a notice in writing addressed to the Company one or more persons, who are acceptable to the Board, as Directors on the Board for such period and upon such conditions as may be mentioned in the agreement and that such Director or Directors may not be liable to retire by rotation nor be required to hold any qualification Shares. The Directors may also agree that any such Director or Directors may be removed from time to time by the appointer entitled to appoint or nominate them and the appointer may appoint another or other in his or their place and also fill in vacancy, which may occur as a result of any such Director or Directors ceasing to hold that office for any reason whatever. The Directors appointed or nominated under this Article shall be entitled to exercise and enjoy all or any of the rights and privileges exercised and enjoyed by the Directors of the Company including payment of remuneration and travelling expenses to such Director or Directors as may be agreed by the Company with the appointer.	Power to appoint ex- officio Directors
122.	Subject to Section 152 of the Act, if it is provided by the trust deed entered in connection with any issue of debentures of the Company that any person or persons shall have the power to nominate a Director of the Company, then in case of any and	Debenture Director



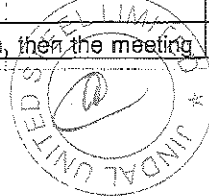
	every such issue of debentures, the person or persons having such power may exercise such power from time to time and appoint a Director accordingly. Any Director so appointed is herein referred to as Debenture Director. A Debenture Director may be removed from office at any time by the person or persons in whom for the time being is vested the power under which he was appointed and another Director may be appointed in his place. A Debenture Director shall not be bound to hold any qualification Shares.	
123.	A Director of the Company shall not be bound to hold any qualification Share(s).	Qualification of Directors
124.	<p>Subject to Sections 164 and 167 of the Act the office of a Director shall become vacant if:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a) he is found to be of unsound mind by a court of competent jurisdiction ; or</li> <li>b) he applies to be adjudicated an insolvent;</li> <li>c) he is adjudged an insolvent;</li> <li>d) he fails to pay any call made on him in respect of Shares of the Company held by him, whether alone or jointly with others, within six months from the date fixed for the payment of such call; or</li> <li>e) he absents himself from all the meetings of the Directors held during a period of twelve months with or without seeking leave of absence from the Board; or</li> <li>f) he becomes disqualified by an order of the court or tribunal under Section 167 of the Act; or</li> <li>g) he is removed in pursuance of Section 169; or</li> <li>h) he acts in contravention of Section 184 of the Act relating to entering into contracts or arrangements in which he is directly or indirectly interested; or</li> <li>i) he fails to disclose his interest in any contract or arrangement in which he is directly or indirectly interested, in contravention of the provisions of Section 184 of the Act; or</li> <li>j) he is convicted by a court of an offence, whether involving moral turpitude or otherwise, and sentenced in respect thereof to imprisonment for not less than six months and a period of five years has not elapsed from the date of expiry of the sentence; or</li> <li>k) he is convicted by a court of an offence and sentenced in respect thereof to imprisonment for a period of seven years or more; or</li> <li>l) he has been convicted of the offence dealing with related party transactions under Section 188 of the Act at any time during the last preceding five years; or</li> <li>m) he has not complied with sub-section (3) of Section 152 of the Act; or</li> <li>n) he is disqualified from holding office in terms of sub-section (2) of Section 164 of the Act; or</li> <li>o) have been appointed a Director by virtue of his holding any office or other employment in the holding, subsidiary or associate company of the Company, he ceases to hold such office or other employment in that company; or</li> <li>p) he resigns his office by a notice in writing or through electronic means addressed to the Company.</li> </ul>	When office of Directors to become vacant
125.	A Director or his relative, firm in which such Director or relative is a partner, any other partner in such firm, or a private company of which the Director is member or director may enter into any contract with the Company, including for the sale, purchase or supply of any goods, material or services or for underwriting the subscription of any Share in or debentures of the Company, provided the requirements of Section 184, 185, 188 and other applicable provisions of the Act are complied with.	Director may contract with Company
126.	A Director of the Company who is in any way, whether directly or indirectly concerned or interested in a contract or arrangement or proposed contract or arrangement entered into or to be entered into by or on behalf of the Company, shall disclose the nature of his concern or interest at a meeting of the Board in the manner provided in Section 184 of the Act; provided that it shall not be necessary for a Director to	Disclosure of interest



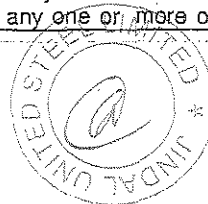
	disclose his concern or interest in any contract or arrangement entered into or to be entered into with any other company where any of the Directors of the Company or two or more of them together holds not more than two per cent of the paid-up Share Capital in any such company.	
127.	A general notice given to the Board by a Director, to the effect that he is a director or member of a specified company, body corporate or is a member of a specified firm or association of individuals and is to be regarded as concerned or interested in any contracts or arrangement so made shall be deemed to be a sufficient disclosure. Any such general notice shall expire at the end of the financial year in which it is given but may be renewed for a further period of one financial year at a time by a fresh notice given at the first meeting of the Board in the financial year in which it would have otherwise expired. No such general notice, and no renewal thereof shall be effect unless; either it is given at a meeting of the Board or the Director concerned takes reasonable steps to secure that it is brought up and read at the first meeting of the Board after it is given.	General Notice of interest
128.	No Director shall as a Director, take any part in the discussion of, or vote on any contract or arrangement entered into or to be entered into by or on behalf of the Company, if he is in any way, whether directly or indirectly, concerned or interested in such contract or arrangement.	Interested directors not to participate or vote in Board's proceeding
129.	The Company shall keep a register in accordance with Section 189 and shall within the time specified in Section 189 (2) enter therein such particulars as may be relevant having regard to the application thereto of Section 184 of the Act. The register aforesaid shall also specify in relation to each Director of the Company the names of the companies, bodies corporate, firms and associations of which notice has been given by him under Article 132. The register shall be kept at the registered office of the Company and shall be open to inspection at such registered office, and extracts may be taken there from and copies thereof may be required by any member of the Company to the same extent, in the same manner, and on payment of the same fee as in the case of the register of members of the Company and the provisions of Section 94 of the Act shall apply accordingly.	Register at Contracts in which Directors are interested
130.	Subject to Section 149 of the Act, the Company may by ordinary resolution, from time to time, increase or reduce the number of Directors, and may alter their qualifications and the Company may (subject to the provisions of Section 169 of the Act) remove any Director before the expiration of his period of office and appoint another qualified person in his stead. The person so appointed shall hold office, during such time as the Director in whose place he is appointed would have held the same if he had not been removed.	Company may increase or reduce the number of Directors
131.	<p>(1) No person, not being a retiring Director, shall be eligible for appointment to the office of Director at any General Meeting unless he or some member intending to propose him has, not less than fourteen days before the Meeting, left at the registered office of the Company a notice in writing under his hand signifying his Candidature for the office of Director or the intention of such member to propose him as a candidate for that office. Such person or the member as the case may be, shall deposit an amount of One Lakh Rupees, or such other amount as may be prescribed under Section 160 of the Act, which shall be refunded to him or as the case may be, to such member, if the person succeeds in getting elected as a Director or gets more than twenty-five per cent of the total valid votes cast either on a show of hands or on a poll on such resolution.</p> <p>(2) Every person proposed as a candidate for the office of a Director shall sign and file with the Company his consent in writing to act as a Director, if appointed.</p> <p>(3) A person shall not act as a Director of the Company, unless he has within thirty days of his appointment signed and filed with the Registrar his consent in writing to act as such Director.</p>	Notice of candidate for office of Director except in certain cases



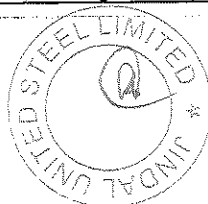
132.	The Company shall keep at its registered office a register containing the particular of its Directors and key managerial personnel as may be prescribed under Section 170 of the Act, and shall otherwise comply with the provisions of the said Section in all respects.	Register of Directors etc. and notification of change to Registrar
133.	Subject to the provisions of Section 196(3) of the Act, the Company shall not appoint or employ, or continue the appointment or employment of a person as its managing or whole-time Director who – a) Is below the age of twenty-one years or has attained the age of seventy years (provided, however, that a person who has attained the age of seventy years may be appointed by way of special resolution); b) is an undischarged insolvent; or has at any time been adjudged an insolvent; c) suspends, or has at any time suspended, payment to his creditors, or makes or has at any time made, a composition with them ; or d) has at any time been convicted by a court of an offence and sentenced for a period of more than six months	Certain persons not to be appointed as Managing Directors
134.	A managing Director shall not, while he continues to hold that office, be subject to retirement by rotation, in accordance with Article 136, If he ceases to hold the office of Director he shall <i>ipso facto</i> , immediately cease to be a Managing Director.	Managing Director Non-Retiring Director
	<b>Powers of Board</b>	
135.	The management of the business of the Company shall be vested in the Board and the Board may exercise all such powers, and do all such acts and things, as the Company is by the memorandum of association or otherwise authorized to exercise and do, and, not hereby or by the statute or otherwise directed or required to be exercised or done by the Company in general meeting but subject nevertheless to the provisions of the Act and other laws and of the memorandum of association and these Articles and to any regulations, not being inconsistent with the memorandum of association and these Articles or the Act, from time to time made by the Company in general meeting provided that no such regulation shall invalidate any prior act of the Board which would have been valid if such regulation had not been made.	General powers of the Company vested in Board
	<b>Proceedings of the Board</b>	
136.	(1) The Board of Directors may meet for the conduct of business, adjourn and otherwise regulate its meetings, as it thinks fit.  (2) The Chairperson or any one Director with the previous consent of the Chairperson may, or the company secretary on the direction of the Chairperson shall, at any time, summon a meeting of the Board.  (3) The quorum for a Board meeting shall be as provided in the Act.  (4) The participation of directors in a meeting of the Board may be either in person or through video conferencing or audio visual means or teleconferencing, as may be prescribed by the Rules or permitted under law.	When meeting to be convened  Who may summon Board meeting  Quorum for Board meetings  Participation at Board meetings
137.	Notice of every meeting of the Board shall be given in writing to every Director, at his usual address and as prescribed under Section 173 of the Act.	Notice of Meetings
138.	If a meeting of the Board could not be held for want of a quorum, then the meeting	Adjournment of



	shall automatically stand adjourned to such other date and time (if any) as may be fixed by the Chairman not being later than seven days from the date originally fixed for the meeting.	meeting for want of quorum
139.	The Directors may, from time to time, elect from among their number, a Chairman of the Company.	Chairman
140.	(1) Save as otherwise expressly provided in the Act, questions arising at any meeting of the Board shall be decided by a majority of votes.  (2) In case of an equality of votes, the Chairperson of the Board, if any, shall have a second or casting vote.	Questions at Board meeting how decided  Casting vote of Chairperson at Board meeting
141.	The continuing directors may act notwithstanding any vacancy in the Board; but, if and so long as their number is reduced below the quorum fixed by the Act for a meeting of the Board, the continuing directors or director may act for the purpose of increasing the number of directors to that fixed for the quorum, or of summoning a general meeting of the Company, but for no other purpose.	Directors not to act when number falls below minimum
142.	The Chairperson of the Company shall be the Chairperson at meetings of the Board. If at any meeting the Chairperson is not present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, the directors present may choose one of their number to be Chairperson of the meeting.	Who to preside at meetings of the Board
143.	(1) The Board may, subject to the provisions of the Act, delegate any of its powers to Committees consisting of such member or members of its body as it thinks fit. (2) Any Committee so formed shall, in the exercise of the powers so delegated, conform to any regulations including quorum that may be imposed on it by the Board. (3) The participation of directors in a meeting of the Committee may be either in person or through video conferencing or audio visual means or teleconferencing, as may be prescribed by the Rules or permitted under law.	Delegation of powers  Committee to conform to Board regulations  Participation at Committee meetings
144.	(1) A Committee may elect a Chairperson of its meetings unless the Board, while constituting a Committee, has appointed a Chairperson of such Committee. (2) If no such Chairperson is elected, or if at any meeting the Chairperson is not present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, the members present may choose one of their members to be Chairperson of the meeting.	Chairperson of Committee  Who to preside at meetings of Committee
145.	(1) A Committee may meet and adjourn as it thinks fit.  (2) Questions arising at any meeting of a Committee shall be determined by a majority of votes of the members present.  (3) In case of an equality of votes, the Chairperson of the Committee shall have a second or casting vote.	Committee to meet  Questions at Committee meeting how decided  Casting vote of Chairperson at Committee meeting
146.	All acts done in any meeting of the Board or of a Committee thereof or by any person acting as a director, shall, notwithstanding that it may be afterwards discovered that there was some defect in the appointment of any one or more of	Acts of Board or Committee valid notwithstanding



	such directors or of any person acting as aforesaid, or that they or any of them were disqualified or that his or their appointment had terminated, be as valid as if every such director or such person had been duly appointed and was qualified to be a director.	defect of appointment
147.	Save as otherwise expressly provided in the Act, a resolution in writing, signed, whether manually or by secure electronic mode, by a majority of the members of the Board or of a Committee thereof, for the time being entitled to receive notice of a meeting of the Board or Committee, shall be valid and effective as if it had been passed at a meeting of the Board or Committee, duly convened and held.	Passing of resolution by circulation
148.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The Company shall cause minutes of the proceedings of every meeting of the Board and committee thereof to be kept by making within thirty days of the conclusion of every such meeting entries thereof in books kept for that purpose with, their pages consecutively numbered.</li> <li>Each page of every book shall be initialled or signed and the last page of the record of proceeding of each meeting in such book shall be dated and signed by the Chairman of the said meeting or the Chairman of the next succeeding meeting.</li> <li>In no case the minutes of proceedings of a meeting shall be attached to any such book as aforesaid by pasting or otherwise.</li> <li>The minutes of each meeting shall contain a fair and correct summary of the proceeding thereat.</li> <li>All appointments of officers made at any of the meetings aforesaid shall be included in the minutes of the meeting.</li> <li>The minutes shall also contain. <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The names of the Directors present at the meeting and</li> <li>In the case of each resolution passed at the meeting the names of the Directors, if any, dissenting from, or not concurring in the resolution</li> </ol> </li> <li>Nothing contained in Sub-Clause (1) to (6) shall be deemed to require the inclusion in any such minutes of any matter which, in the opinion of the Chairman of the meeting <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>is, or could reasonably be regarded as defamatory of any person;</li> <li>is irrelevant or immaterial to the proceedings;</li> <li>is detrimental to the interests of the Company The Chairman shall be the sole judge in case of difference in regard to the inclusion or non-inclusion of any matter in the minutes on the grounds specified in this sub-clause, without prejudice to the recourse available under the law.</li> </ol> </li> <li>Minutes of meetings kept in accordance with the aforesaid provisions shall be evidence of the proceedings recorded therein.</li> </ol>	Minutes of proceeding of meeting of the Board
<b>Chief Executive Officer, Manager, Company Secretary and Chief Financial Officer</b>		
149.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Subject to the provisions of the Act,— A chief executive officer, manager, company secretary and chief financial officer may be appointed by the Board for such term, at such remuneration and upon such conditions as it may think fit; and any chief executive officer, manager, company secretary and chief financial officer so appointed may be removed by means of a resolution of the Board; the Board may appoint one or more chief executive officers for its multiple businesses.</li> <li>A director may be appointed as chief executive officer, manager, company</li> </ol>	<p>Chief Executive Officer, etc.</p> <p>Director may</p>



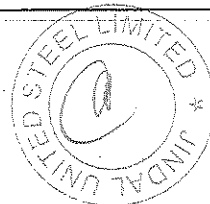
	secretary or chief financial officer.	be chief executive officer, etc.
<b>Registers</b>		
150.	The Company shall keep and maintain at its registered office all statutory registers namely, register of charges, register of members, register of debenture holders, register of any other security holders, the register and index of beneficial owners and annual return, register of loans, guarantees, security and acquisitions, register of investments not held in its own name and register of contracts and arrangements for such duration as the Board may, unless otherwise prescribed, decide, and in such manner and containing such particulars as prescribed by the Act and the Rules. The registers and copies of annual return shall be open for inspection during 11.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m. on all working days, other than Saturdays, at the registered office of the Company by the persons entitled thereto on payment, where required, of such fees as may be fixed by the Board but not exceeding the limits prescribed by the Rules.	Statutory registers
160.	(a) The Company may exercise the powers conferred on it by the Act with regard to the keeping of a foreign register; and the Board may (subject to the provisions of the Act) make and vary such regulations as it may think fit respecting the keeping of any such register. (b) The foreign register shall be open for inspection and may be closed, and extracts may be taken therefrom and copies thereof may be required, in the same manner, <i>mutatis mutandis</i> , as is applicable to the register of members.	Foreign register
<b>Common Seal</b>		
161.	1. The Board shall provide a common seal for the purpose of the company and for the safe thereof and shall have power from time to time to destroy the same and substitute a new seal in lieu thereof, and it shall never be used except by the previously given authority of the Board or a Committee of the Board.  2. Save as otherwise required by the Companies (Issue of Share Certificate) Rules, 1960, every deed to other instrument, to which the seal of the company is required to be affixed, shall, unless the same is executed by a duly constituted attorney, be signed by the two directors or one director and secretary or some other person appointed by the Board or Committee or the Board for the purpose, Provided that any instrument bearing the seal of the purpose, Provided that any instrument bearing the seal of the company and issued for valuable consideration shall be binding on the company notwithstanding any irregularity touching the authority of the Board or Committee of the Board to issue the same.  3. The company shall also be at liberty to have an official seal in accordance with section 50 of the Act for use in any territory, district or place outside India.	Common Seal
<b>Dividends and Reserve</b>		
162.	The Company in general meeting may declare dividends, but no dividend shall exceed the amount recommended by the Board but the Company in general meeting may declare a lesser dividend.	Company in general meeting may declare dividends
163.	Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Board may from time to time pay to the members such interim dividends of such amount on such class of shares and at such times as it may think fit	Interim dividends
164.	(1) The Board may, before recommending any dividend, set aside out of the profits of the Company such sums as it thinks fit as a reserve or reserves which shall, at the discretion of the Board, be applied for any purpose to which	Dividends only to be paid out of profits



	<p>the profits of the Company may be properly applied, including provision for meeting contingencies or for equalising dividends; and pending such application, may, at the like discretion, either be employed in the business of the Company or be invested in such investments (other than shares of the Company) as the Board may, from time to time, think fit.</p> <p>(2) The Board may also carry forward any profits which it may consider necessary not to divide, without setting them aside as a reserve.</p>	Carry forward of profits
165.	<p>(1) Subject to the rights of persons, if any, entitled to shares with special rights as to dividends, all dividends shall be declared and paid according to the amounts paid or credited as paid on the shares in respect whereof the dividend is paid, but if and so long as nothing is paid upon any of the shares in the Company, dividends may be declared and paid according to the amounts of the shares.</p> <p>(2) No amount paid or credited as paid on a share in advance of calls shall be treated for the purposes of this Article as paid on the share.</p> <p>(3) All dividends shall be apportioned and paid proportionately to the amounts paid or credited as paid on the shares during any portion or portions of the period in respect of which the dividend is paid; but if any share is issued on terms providing that it shall rank for dividend as from a particular date such share shall rank for dividend accordingly.</p>	<p>Division of profits</p> <p>Payments in advance</p> <p>Dividends to be apportioned</p>
166.	<p>(1) The Board may deduct from any dividend payable to any member all sums of money, if any, presently payable by him to the Company on account of calls or otherwise in relation to the shares of the Company.</p> <p>(2) The Board may retain dividends payable upon shares in respect of which any person is, under the Transmission Clause hereinbefore contained, entitled to become a member, until such person shall become a member in respect of such shares.</p>	<p>No member to receive dividend whilst indebted to the Company and Company's right to reimbursement therefrom</p> <p>Retention of dividends</p>
167.	<p>(1) Any dividend, interest or other monies payable in cash in respect of shares may be paid by electronic mode or by cheque or warrant sent through the post directed to the registered address of the holder or, in the case of joint holders, to the registered address of that one of the joint holders who is first named on the register of members, or to such person and to such address as the holder or joint holders may in writing direct.</p> <p>(2) Every such cheque or warrant shall be made payable to the order of the person to whom it is sent.</p> <p>(3) Payment in any way whatsoever shall be made at the risk of the person entitled to the money paid or to be paid. The Company will not be responsible for a payment which is lost or delayed. The Company will be deemed to having made a payment and received a good discharge for it if a payment using any of the foregoing permissible means is made.</p>	<p>Dividend how remitted</p> <p>Instrument of payment Discharge to Company</p>
168.	Any one of two or more joint holders of a share may give effective receipts for any dividends, bonuses or other monies payable in respect of such share.	Receipt of one holder sufficient
169.	No dividend shall bear interest against the Company.	No interest on dividends
170.	The waiver in whole or in part of any dividend on any share by any document (whether or not under seal) shall be effective only if such document is signed by the member (or the person entitled to the share in consequence of the death or	Waiver of dividends



	bankruptcy of the holder) and delivered to the Company and if or to the extent that the same is accepted as such or acted upon by the Board.	
<b>Accounts</b>		
171.	<p>(1) The books of account and books and papers of the Company, or any of them, shall be open to the inspection of directors in accordance with the applicable provisions of the Act and the Rules.</p> <p>(2) No member (not being a director) shall have any right of inspecting any books of account or books and papers or document of the Company except as conferred by law or authorized by the Board.</p>	<p>Inspection by Directors</p> <p>Restriction on inspection by members</p>
<b>Winding up</b>		
172.	<p>Subject to the applicable provisions of the Act and the Rules made there under -</p> <p>(a) If the Company shall be wound up, the liquidator may, with the sanction of a special resolution of the Company and any other sanction required by the Act, divide amongst the members, in specie or kind, the whole or any part of the assets of the Company, whether they shall consist of property of the same kind or not.</p> <p>(b) For the purpose aforesaid, the liquidator may set such value as he deems fair upon any property to be divided as aforesaid and may determine how such division shall be carried out as between the members or different classes of members.</p> <p>(c) The liquidator may, with the like sanction, vest the whole or any part of such assets in trustees upon such trusts for the benefit of the contributories if he considers necessary, but so that no member shall be compelled to accept any shares or other securities whereon there is any liability.</p>	Winding up of Company
<b>Indemnity and Responsibility</b>		
173.	<p>The Company shall pay for and / or indemnify its present or past Officers / Directors and Key Managerial Personnel to the maximum extent and in the manner permitted by statutory laws including the Companies Act, 2013, out of the assets of the Company against all costs, charges and expenses incurred or sustained by them in, or in relation to, the discharge of their duties, except when the same are caused by or through willful default, misfeasance or breach of trust on their part.</p> <p>The Company shall also pay for and / or indemnify its present or past Officers / Directors and Key Managerial Personnel against all costs, charges and expenses, including any amount paid to settle an action or satisfy a judgment incurred by them in respect of any civil, criminal or administrative action or proceeding to which they are made a party, if there is no willful default, misfeasance or breach of trust on their part.</p>	
<b>Secrecy Clause</b>		
174.	<p>(a) Every Director, Manager, Auditor, Treasurer, Trustee, member of Committee, officer, servant, agent, accountant or other person employed in the business of the Company shall, if so required by the Directors, before entering upon his duties, sign a declaration pledging himself to observe strict secrecy respecting all transactions and affairs of the Company with customers and the state of accounts with individuals and in matters relating thereto, and shall by such declaration pledge himself not to reveal any of the matters which may come to his knowledge in the discharge of his duties except when required so to do by the Directors or by law or by the person to whom such matters relate and except so far as may be necessary in order to comply with any of the provisions in these presents contained.</p>	



	(b) No member shall be entitled to visit or inspect any works of the Company without the permission of the Directors or to require discovery of or any information respecting any details of the Company's trading, or any matter which is or may be in the nature of a trade secret, mystery of trade, secret process or any other matter which may related to the conduct of the business of the Company which in the opinion of the Directors, it would be inexpedient in the interest of the Company to disclose.	
<b>General Power</b>		
175.	Wherever in the Act, it has been provided that the Company shall have any right, privilege or authority or that the Company could carry out any transaction only if the Company is so authorized by its articles, then and in that case this Article authorizes and empowers the Company to have such rights, privileges or authorities and to carry such transactions as have been permitted by the Act, without there being any specific Article in that behalf herein provided.	General power

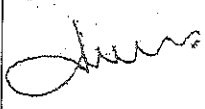




Certified to be a true and correct copy of the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company as they exist on this day.

For Jindal United Steel Limited

*[Signature]*

Company Secretary

*[Signature]*

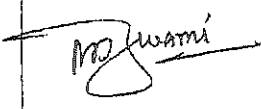
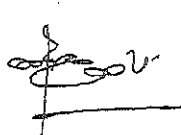
Names, addresses, descriptions and occupations of Subscribers	Signature of Subscriber	Signature of witness with address, description and occupation
1. Jindal Stainless Limited D.P. Jindal Marg, Hisar - 125005 through its Company Secretary Jitendra Kumar Mahanlal S/o Sh. Mahanlal Hiji S/O MS-1/501, Kendriya Vihar Sector - 56, Gurgaon - 122002 (Business)		<p>I, Witness, do subscribe, who have subscribed and signed in my presence, further I have verified their Identity Details (ID) for their Identification and signed myself of their Identification particulars as filled in.</p> <p>SHAIL KUMAR GOYAL Company Secretary E-22, 3rd Floor M-27, Naga, New Delhi - 110016</p>
2. Rajiv Rayvanshi S/O Sh. Tej Pratap Singh R/O B-25, 11th Floor, Kailash Apartments, Kailash Colony, New Delhi - 110048 (Service)		
3. Shanti Swarnap Saxena S/O Sh. Babu Ram Saxena R/O A-42/1, C-Block, Shivaji Park, West Purjahi Bagh New Delhi - 110026 (Service)		
4. Rajeev Garg S/O Sh. Kamgopal Garg R/O H.No. 9, Urban Estate, II, Hisar, 125005 (Service)		
5. Anwar Agrawal S/O Sh. Pramod Kumar Agrawal S/O Plot No. 212, SFS Flats Phase - 4, Ashok Vihar Delhi - 110052 (Service)		

Place: New Delhi

Dated: 05.11.2014

Certified in  
For Jindal United Steel Limited  
Company Secretary

We, the several persons whose names and addresses are hereunder subscribed, are desirous of being formed into a company in pursuance of this Articles of Association

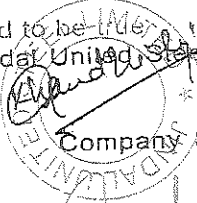
Name, Address, Description and Occupation of the Subscriber	Signature	Name, Address, Description and Occupation of the Witness
<p>Mahabir Prashad Swami S/o. Shri Udaram Swami R/o. H.No 107 Ward No 27 Sector- 13 Hisar-125005 (Haryana) (Consultant)</p>		<p>I witness to subscriber(s), who have subscribed and signed in my presence, further I have verified their Identity Details (ID) for their Registration and certified myself of their identification particulars as filled in "</p> <p>SHRAILESH GOYAL Company Secretary E-22, 3rd Floor Nishi Nagan, New Delhi - 110015</p> <p>ACC-24013 C.P.No. - 8646</p>
<p>Mahabir Prashad Gupta 80 SiG Room, R/o House No. 1117 Sector 13 HISAR-125001 (Service)</p>		

Place :- Hisar

Date :- 05.11.2014

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Certified to be correct  
For Jindal United Steel Limited

  
Company Secretary  
